UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM :	10-Q
(Mark One) ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934	ok 15(u) of the secontiles exchange act
For the quarterly period end	led September 30, 2015
OR ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1	3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934	
For the transition period fro	om to
Commission File Nun	nber 001-15283
Applebee's DineEquit (Exact name of registrant as see	• •
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	95-3038279 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
450 North Brand Boulevard, Glendale, California (Address of principal executive offices)	91203-1903 (Zip Code)
(818) 240-(Registrant's telephone numb	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically ar required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232$) period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square	2.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an a definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting of the control of t	
Large accelerated filer ⊠	Accelerated filer □
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company □
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined i	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of cou	nmon stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Class Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	Outstanding as of October 23, 2015 18.633.603
Common Stock, \$0.01 par varie	10,000,000

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Index

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Assets	s	eptember 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
		(Unaudited)			
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,886	\$	104,004	
Receivables, net		91,085		153,498	
Restricted cash		42,226		52,262	
Prepaid gift card costs		41,140		51,268	
Deferred income taxes		35,488		30,860	
Prepaid income taxes		2,805		11,753	
Other current assets		5,548		9,239	
Total current assets		324,178		412,884	
Long-term receivables, net		164,910		180,856	
Property and equipment, net		226,234		241,229	
Goodwill		697,470		697,470	
Other intangible assets, net		775,128		782,336	
Deferred rent receivable		90,531		91,117	
Other non-current assets, net		39,835		42,216	
Total assets	\$	2,318,286	\$	2,448,108	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	32,226	\$	41,771	
Gift card liability		105,559		179,760	
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		20,767		25,722	
Dividends payable		16,408		16,635	
Current maturities of capital lease and financing obligations		15,386		14,852	
Accrued advertising		8,495		10,150	
Accrued interest payable		3,851		14,126	
Other accrued expenses		7,168		10,033	
Total current liabilities		209,860		313,049	
Long-term debt		1,300,000		1,300,000	
Capital lease obligations, less current maturities		88,384		98,119	
Financing obligations, less current maturities		42,428		42,524	
Deferred income taxes		307,562		319,111	
Deferred rent payable					
Other non-current liabilities		73,387		75,375 20,857	
		21,355			
Total liabilities Commitments and contingencies		2,042,976		2,169,035	
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, shares: 40,000,000 authorized; September 30, 2015 - 25,194,889 issued, 18,735,014 outstanding; December 31, 2014 - 25,240,055 issued, 18,953,567 outstanding		252		252	
Additional paid-in-capital		284,787		279,946	
Retained earnings		343,621		313,644	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(99)		(73)	
Treasury stock, at cost; shares: September 30, 2015 - 6,459,875; December 31, 2014 - 6,286,488		(353,251)		(314,696)	
Total stockholders' equity	-	275,310		279,073	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,318,286	\$	2,448,108	

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Mor Septer			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Revenues:									
Franchise and restaurant revenues	\$	128,188	\$	129,334	\$	407,774	\$	387,573	
Rental revenues		31,221		30,761		93,755		92,223	
Financing revenues		3,028		2,758		8,271		10,779	
Total revenues		162,437		162,853		509,800		490,575	
Cost of revenues:									
Franchise and restaurant expenses		41,984		47,570		145,433		135,403	
Rental expenses		23,264		23,654		70,073		71,173	
Financing expenses		504				516		825	
Total cost of revenues		65,752		71,224		216,022		207,401	
Gross profit		96,685		91,629		293,778		283,174	
General and administrative expenses		41,577		33,835		110,384		102,836	
Interest expense		15,434		24,984		46,757		74,895	
Amortization of intangible assets		2,500		3,071		7,500		9,212	
Closure and impairment charges, net		(72)		192		2,230		1,029	
Loss on extinguishment of debt				1		_		13	
(Gain) loss on disposition of assets		(2,351)		(205)		(2,294)		592	
Income before income tax provision		39,597		29,751		129,201		94,597	
Income tax provision		(15,340)		(10,864)		(49,635)		(35,719	
Net income		24,257		18,887		79,566		58,878	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:									
Adjustment to unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments		_		_				107	
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(14)		(9)	_	(26)	_	(8)	
Total comprehensive income	\$	24,243	\$	18,878	\$	79,540	\$	58,977	
Net income available to common stockholders:									
Net income	\$	24,257	\$	18,887	\$	79,566	\$	58,878	
Less: Net income allocated to unvested participating restricted stock		(316)		(279)		(1,042)		(927	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	23,941	\$	18,608	\$	78,524	\$	57,951	
Net income available to common stockholders per share:									
Basic	\$	1.29	\$	0.99	\$	4.19	\$	3.09	
Diluted	\$	1.28	\$	0.99	\$	4.16	\$	3.06	
Weighted average shares outstanding:									
Basic		18,573		18,703		18,737		18,757	
Diluted		18,706		18,890		18,874		18,964	
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.875	\$	0.75	\$	2.625	\$	2.25	
Dividends paid per common share	\$	0.875	\$	0.75	\$	2.625	\$	2.25	

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended

	Nine Mo Septe			
		2015		2014
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	79,566	\$	58,878
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		24,134		26,237
Non-cash interest expense		2,292		5,021
Deferred income taxes		(15,388)		(21,947)
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense		6,312		7,432
Tax benefit from stock-based compensation		4,850		4,008
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		(4,577)		(4,635)
Closure and impairment charges		2,230		1,029
(Gain) loss on disposition of assets		(2,294)		592
Other		(1,303)		(2,184)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		(95)		(7,085)
Current income tax receivables and payables		8,579		19,975
Gift card receivables and payables		(11,816)		(14,353)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(3,304)		(2,189)
Accounts payable		2,147		6,848
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		(4,915)		(7,674)
Accrued interest payable		(10,275)		18,043
Other current liabilities		(5,554)		14,431
Cash flows provided by operating activities		70,589		102,427
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Additions to property and equipment		(5,765)		(5,530)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		10,782		681
Principal receipts from notes, equipment contracts and other long-term receivables		16,498		10,252
Other		(274)		1
Cash flows provided by investing activities		21,241		5,404
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayment of long-term debt		_		(3,600)
Principal payments on capital lease and financing obligations		(9,711)		(8,484)
Repurchase of DineEquity common stock		(50,010)		(30,006)
Dividends paid on common stock		(49,786)		(42,733)
Tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting		(3,389)		(2,931)
Proceeds from stock options exercised		8,426		7,392
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		4,577		4,635
Change in restricted cash		10,036		(4,948)
Other		(91)		(308)
Cash flows used in financing activities		(89,948)		(80,983)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,882		26,848
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		104,004		106,011
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	105,886	\$	132,859
Supplemental disclosures:				
Interest paid in cash	\$	64,094	\$	62,369
Income taxes paid in cash	\$	51,794	\$	34,372

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. General

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company" or "DineEquity") have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the twelve months ending December 31, 2015.

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

2. Basis of Presentation

The Company's fiscal quarters end on the Sunday closest to the last day of each quarter. For convenience, the fiscal quarters of each year are referred to as ending on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31. The first quarter of fiscal 2015 began on December 29, 2014 and ended on March 29, 2015; the second and third quarters of fiscal 2015 ended on June 28, 2015 and September 27, 2015, respectively. The first quarter of fiscal 2014 began on December 30, 2013 and ended on March 30, 2014; the second and third quarters of fiscal 2014 ended on June 29, 2014 and September 28, 2014, respectively.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries that are consolidated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in the calculation and assessment of reported or disclosed amounts include: (a) impairment of tangible assets, goodwill and other intangible assets, (b) income taxes, (c) allowance for doubtful accounts and notes receivables, (d) lease accounting estimates, (e) stock-based compensation and (f) contingencies. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Accounting Policies

Accounting Standards Adopted in the Current Fiscal Year

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the guidance on the reporting of discontinued operations. The amendment changed the criteria for the reporting of discontinued operations such that only disposals resulting in a strategic shift that will have a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results will be reported as discontinued operations. The amendment also removed the requirement that an entity not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after disposal to qualify for reporting of the disposal as a discontinued operation. The Company adopted the amendment as of January 1, 2015 and adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Newly Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on revenue recognition, which provides for a single, five-step model to be applied to all revenue contracts with customers. The new standard also requires additional financial statement disclosures that will enable users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows relating to customer contracts. Companies have an option to use either a retrospective approach or cumulative effect adjustment approach to implement the standard. In August 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of the new guidance by one year such that the Company will be required to adopt the guidance beginning with its first fiscal quarter of 2018.

3. Accounting Policies (Continued)

This new guidance supersedes nearly all of the existing general revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP as well as most industry-specific revenue recognition guidance, including guidance with respect to revenue recognition by franchisors. The Company believes the recognition of the majority of its revenues, including franchise royalty revenues, sales of IHOP pancake and waffle dry mix and retail sales at company-operated restaurants will not be affected by the new guidance. Additionally, lease rental revenues are not within the scope of the new guidance. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on its financial statements and related disclosures and which method of adoption will be used.

In April 2015, the FASB issued an amendment that modifies the presentation of debt issuance costs. The amendment requires debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct reduction of the related debt liability rather than as an asset. The amendment is effective commencing with the Company's first fiscal quarter of 2016 and is required to be applied on a retrospective basis. As the amendment does not change the underlying accounting for debt issuance costs, adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company reviewed all other newly issued accounting pronouncements and concluded that they either are not applicable to the Company or are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of future adoption.

4. Stockholders' Equity

Dividends

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company paid dividends on common stock of \$49.8 million, representing the dividends declared in the fourth quarter of 2014 and the first and second quarters of 2015. On July 30, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors declared a third quarter 2015 cash dividend of \$0.875 per share of common stock. This dividend was paid on October 9, 2015 to the Company's stockholders of record at the close of business on September 11, 2015. The Company reported a payable for this dividend of \$16.4 million at September 30, 2015.

On October 1, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors approved a 5% increase in the Company's quarterly cash dividend to \$0.92 per share of common stock. This fourth quarter 2015 dividend will be paid on January 8, 2016 to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 11, 2015.

Stock Repurchase Program

In October 2014, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$100 million of DineEquity common stock (the "\$100MM Repurchase Program") on an opportunistic basis from time to time in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The \$100MM Repurchase Program, as approved by the Board of Directors, did not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and could be terminated at any time. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 489,504 shares of common stock at a cost of \$50.0 million under the \$100MM Repurchase Program. As of September 30, 2015, the Company has repurchased a cumulative total of \$09,839 shares of common stock under the \$100MM Repurchase Program at a total cost of \$52.0 million. As of September 30, 2015, a total of \$48.0 million was remaining under the \$100MM Repurchase Program.

On October 1, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors terminated the \$100MM Repurchase Program and approved a new stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$150 million of DineEquity common stock.

Treasury Stock

Repurchases of DineEquity common stock are included in treasury stock at the cost of shares repurchased plus any transaction costs. Treasury stock may be re-issued when stock options are exercised, when restricted stock awards are granted and when restricted stock units settle in stock upon vesting. The cost of treasury stock re-issued is determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company re-issued 316,117 treasury shares at a total FIFO cost of \$11.5 million.

5. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate was 38.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to 37.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The effective tax rate in 2014 was lower due to the timing of a favorable state return-to-provision adjustment which was recorded in the third quarter of 2014.

The total gross unrecognized tax benefit as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$3.8 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, excluding interest, penalties and related tax benefits. The Company estimates the unrecognized tax benefit may decrease over the upcoming 12 months by an amount up to \$1.2 million related to settlements with taxing authorities and the lapse of statutes of limitations. For the remaining liability, due to the uncertainties related to these tax matters, the Company is unable to make a reasonably reliable estimate when cash settlement with a taxing authority will occur.

As of September 30, 2015, accrued interest was \$4.7 million and accrued penalties were less than \$0.1 million, excluding any related income tax benefits. As of December 31, 2014, accrued interest was \$3.9 million and accrued penalties were less than \$0.1 million, excluding any related income tax benefits. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties as a component of its income tax provision recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The Company files federal income tax returns and the Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in various state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to federal, state or non-United States tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2008. In the second quarter of 2013, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") issued a Revenue Agent's Report related to its examination of the Company's U.S federal income tax return for the tax years 2008 to 2010. The Company disagrees with a portion of the proposed assessments and has contested them through the IRS administrative appeals procedures. The appeal process is ongoing. The Company continues to believe that adequate reserves have been provided relating to all matters contained in the tax periods open to examination.

6. Stock-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes the components of stock-based compensation expense included in general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Mon	ths E	nded
						Septen	30,	
	2015			2014		2015		2014
				(In m	illions)		
Total stock-based compensation expense:								
Equity classified awards expense	\$	1.8	\$	1.9	\$	6.4	\$	7.5
Liability classified awards expense (credit)		0.3		0.7		(0.5)		1.2
Total pre-tax stock-based compensation expense		2.1		2.6		5.9		8.7
Book income tax benefit		(0.8)		(1.0)		(2.2)		(3.3)
Total stock-based compensation expense, net of tax	\$	1.3	\$	1.6	\$	3.7	\$	5.4

As of September 30, 2015, total unrecognized compensation expense of \$14.3 million related to restricted stock and restricted stock units and \$4.1 million related to stock options are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.72 years for restricted stock and restricted stock units and 1.51 years for stock options.

Equity Classified Awards - Stock Options

The estimated fair value of the stock options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was calculated using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The following summarizes the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model:

Risk-free interest rate	1.54%
Weighted average historical volatility	36.8%
Dividend yield	3.17%
Expected years until exercise	4.5
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$27.20

6. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

Stock option balances as of September 30, 2015 and related activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in Millions)
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	618,115	\$ 53.10		
Granted	133,814	111.54		
Exercised	(198,221)	42.51		
Forfeited	(26,386)	100.45		
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	527,322	69.55	6.8	\$14.5
Vested at September 30, 2015 and Expected to Vest	502,780	67.97	6.7	\$14.4
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	330,734	\$ 52.71	5.6	\$13.4

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the closing stock price of the Company's common stock on the last trading day of the third quarter of 2015 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on September 30, 2015. The aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock and the number of in-the-money options.

Equity Classified Awards - Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units

Outstanding balances as of September 30, 2015 and activity related to restricted stock and restricted stock units for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Restricted Stock	(Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	233,818	\$	70.14	41,622	\$	66.92
Granted	117,896		105.55	10,294		113.72
Released	(73,595)		53.77	(16,567)		52.19
Forfeited	(30,132)		85.25	(72)		113.72
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	247,987	\$	90.01	35,277	\$	86.49

Liability Classified Awards - Long-Term Incentive Awards

The Company has granted cash long-term incentive awards ("LTIP awards") to certain employees. Annual LTIP awards vest over a three-year period and are determined using a multiplier from 0% to 200% of the target award based on the total stockholder return of DineEquity, Inc. common stock compared to the total stockholder returns of a peer group of companies. Although LTIP awards are both denominated and paid only in cash, the awards are considered stock-based compensation in accordance with U.S. GAAP because the multiplier is based on the price of the Company's common stock. For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, expenses of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, were included in total stock-based compensation expense related to the LTIP awards. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, a credit of \$0.5 million and an expense of \$1.2 million, respectively, were included in total stock-based compensation expense related to the LTIP awards. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, liabilities of \$1.5 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, related to LTIP awards were included as part of accrued employee compensation and benefits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

7. Segments

The Company has two reportable segments: franchise operations (an aggregation of Applebee's and IHOP franchise operations) and rental operations. The Company also has company-operated restaurant operations and financing operations, but neither of these operations exceeded 10% of consolidated revenues, income before income tax provision or total assets.

7. Segments (Continued)

As of September 30, 2015, the franchise operations segment consisted of (i) 2,018 restaurants operated by Applebee's franchisees in the United States, two U.S. territories and 15 countries outside the United States and (ii) 1,656 restaurants operated by IHOP franchisees and area licensees in the United States, three U.S. territories and eight countries outside the United States. Franchise operations revenue consists primarily of franchise royalty revenues, sales of proprietary products to franchisees (primarily pancake and waffle dry mixes for the IHOP restaurants), IHOP franchise advertising fees and franchise fees. Franchise operations expenses include IHOP advertising expenses, the cost of IHOP proprietary products, IHOP and Applebee's pre-opening training expenses and other franchise-related costs.

Rental operations revenue includes revenue from operating leases and interest income from direct financing leases. Rental operations expenses are costs of operating leases and interest expense from capital leases on franchisee-operated restaurants.

At September 30, 2015, the company restaurant operations segment consisted of 11 IHOP company-operated restaurants, all of which are located in the United States. Company restaurant sales are retail sales at company-operated restaurants. Company restaurant expenses are operating expenses at company-operated restaurants and include food, labor, utilities, rent and other restaurant operating costs.

Financing operations revenue primarily consists of interest income from the financing of franchise fees and equipment leases and sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants. Financing expenses are primarily the cost of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

Information on segments and a reconciliation to income before income tax provision for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

were as follows:								
	Three Mon	nths		Nine Months Ended				
	Septen	30,	September			30,		
	 2015	2014		2015			2014	
			(In m	illion	is)			
Revenues from external customers:								
Franchise operations	\$ 120.1	\$	114.3	\$	364.9	\$	340.6	
Rental operations	31.2		30.8		93.8		92.2	
Company restaurants	8.1		15.0		42.8		47.0	
Financing operations	 3.0		2.8		8.3		10.8	
Total	\$ 162.4	\$	162.9	\$	509.8	\$	490.6	
Interest expense:								
Rental operations	\$ 3.3	\$	3.6	\$	10.1	\$	11.2	
Company restaurants	0.1		0.1		0.3		0.3	
Corporate	15.4		25.0		46.8		74.9	
Total	\$ 18.8	\$	28.7	\$	57.2	\$	86.4	
Depreciation and amortization:								
Franchise operations	\$ 2.6	\$	2.6	\$	7.8	\$	7.8	
Rental operations	3.2		3.3		9.6		9.9	
Company restaurants	0.1		0.5		0.5		1.6	
Corporate	 2.4		2.3		6.2		6.9	
Total	\$ 8.3	\$	8.7	\$	24.1	\$	26.2	
Income before income tax provision:								
Franchise operations	\$ 86.8	\$	82.1	\$	262.0	\$	252.3	
Rental operations	8.0		7.1		23.7		21.1	
Company restaurants	(0.6)		(0.3)		0.3		(0.2)	
Financing operations	2.5		2.8		7.8		10.0	
Corporate	(57.1)	_	(61.9)	_	(164.6)		(188.6)	
Total	\$ 39.6	\$	29.8	\$	129.2	\$	94.6	

8. Net Income per Share

The computation of the Company's basic and diluted net income per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Mon	∑nded	
					Septen	nber 3	30,
2015 2014				2015		2014	
		(In th	ousands, exc	ept pe	r share data)		
\$	24,257	\$	18,887	\$	79,566	\$	58,878
	(316)		(279)		(1,042)		(927)
	23,941		18,608		78,524		57,951
	1		1		3		3
\$	23,942	\$	18,609	\$	78,527	\$	57,954
	18,573		18,703		18,737		18,757
	133		187		137		207
	18,706		18,890		18,874		18,964
\$	1.29	\$	0.99	\$	4.19	\$	3.09
\$	1.28	\$	0.99	\$	4.16	\$	3.06
	\$	Septem 2015 \$ 24,257 (316) 23,941 1 \$ 23,942 18,573 133 18,706	September 3 2015 (In the september 3) 2015 (In the september 3) \$ 24,257 \$ \$ (316) 23,941 1 \$ 23,942 \$ \$ \$ \$ 18,573 133 18,706 \$ 1.29 \$	September 30, 2015 (In thousands, exc \$ 24,257 \$ 18,887 (316) (279) 23,941 18,608 1 1 \$ 23,942 \$ 18,609 18,573 18,703 133 187 18,706 18,890 \$ 1.29 \$ 0.99	September 30, 2015 2014 (In thousands, except per	September 30, Septem 2015 2015 Cln thousands, except per share data) \$ 24,257 \$ 18,887 \$ 79,566 (316) (279) (1,042) 23,941 18,608 78,524 1 1 3 \$ 23,942 \$ 18,609 \$ 78,527 18,573 18,703 18,737 133 187 137 18,706 18,890 18,874 \$ 1.29 \$ 0.99 \$ 4.19	September 30, September 3 2015 2014 2015 (In thousands, except per share data) \$ 24,257 \$ 18,887 \$ 79,566 \$ (316) (279) (1,042) 2 23,941 18,608 78,524 3 \$ 23,942 \$ 18,609 \$ 78,527 \$ 18,573 18,703 18,737 133 187 137 133 187 137 18,874 18,874 \$ 1.29 \$ 0.99 \$ 4.19 \$

9. Fair Value Measurements

The Company does not have a material amount of financial assets or liabilities that are required under U.S. GAAP to be measured on a recurring basis at fair value. The Company is not a party to any derivative financial instruments. The Company does not have a material amount of non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities that are required under U.S. GAAP to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company has not elected to use the fair value measurement option, as permitted under U.S. GAAP, for any assets or liabilities for which fair value measurement is not presently required.

The Company believes the fair values of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their short duration.

The fair values of the Company's Series 2014-1 Class A-2 Notes (the "Class A-2 Notes") at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Septembe	2015		Decembe	r 31,	2014	
	Carrying Amount Fair Value				Carrying Amount		Fair Value
			(In m	1			
Long-term debt	\$ 1,300.0	\$	1,329.6	\$	1,300.0	\$	1,302.0

The fair values were determined based on Level 2 inputs, including information gathered from brokers who trade in the Company's Class A-2 Notes and information on notes that are similar to those of the Company.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation, Claims and Disputes

The Company is subject to various lawsuits, administrative proceedings, audits and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Some of these lawsuits purport to be class actions and/or seek substantial damages. The Company is required under U.S. GAAP to record an accrual for litigation loss contingencies that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Legal fees and expenses associated with the defense of all of the Company's litigation are expensed as such fees and expenses are incurred. Management regularly assesses the Company's insurance coverage, analyzes litigation information with the Company's attorneys and evaluates the Company's loss experience in connection with pending legal proceedings. While the Company does not presently believe that any of the legal proceedings to which it is currently a party will ultimately have a material adverse impact on the Company, there can be no assurance that the Company will prevail in all the proceedings the Company is party to, or that the Company will not incur material losses from them.

Lease Guarantees

In connection with the sale of Applebee's restaurants or previous brands to franchisees and other parties, the Company has, in certain cases, guaranteed or has potential continuing liability for lease payments totaling \$406.5 million as of September 30, 2015. This amount represents the maximum potential liability for future payments under these leases. These leases have been assigned to the buyers and expire at the end of the respective lease terms, which range from 2015 through 2048. In the event of default, the indemnity and default clauses in the sale or assignment agreements govern the Company's ability to pursue and recover damages incurred. No material lease payment guarantee liabilities have been recorded as of September 30, 2015.

11. Facility Consolidation Costs

In September 2015, the Company approved a plan to consolidate many core restaurant and franchisee support functions at its headquarters in Glendale, California. In conjunction with this action, the Company will exit a significant portion of the Applebee's restaurant support center in Kansas City, Missouri. The Company communicated the plan to employees and incurred employee termination costs, primarily severance and stock-based compensation adjustments, of \$3.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015. These charges are included in general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. No employee termination costs were paid during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this report may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied in such statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "intend," "plan" and other similar expressions. You should consider our forward-looking statements in light of the risks discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as our consolidated financial statements, related notes, and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this report and our other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements contained in this report are made as of the date hereof and the Company assumes no obligation to update or supplement any forward-looking statements.

You should read the following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this report.

Overview

The following discussion and analysis provides information which we believe is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Except where the context indicates otherwise, the words "we," "us," "our," "DineEquity" and the "Company" refer to DineEquity, Inc., together with its subsidiaries that are consolidated in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP").

Through various subsidiaries, we own, franchise and operate two restaurant concepts: Applebee's Neighborhood Grill & Bar® ("Applebee's"), in the bar and grill segment within the casual dining category of the restaurant industry, and International House of Pancakes® ("IHOP"), in the family dining category of the restaurant industry. References herein to Applebee's and IHOP restaurants are to these two restaurant concepts, whether operated by franchisees, area licensees or by us. With over 3,600 restaurants combined, 99% of which are franchised, we believe we are one of the largest full-service restaurant companies in the world. The June 15, 2015 issue of *Nation's Restaurant News* reported that IHOP and Applebee's were the largest restaurant systems in their respective categories in terms of United States system-wide sales during 2014. This marks the eighth consecutive year our two brands have achieved the number one ranking in *Nation's Restaurant News*.

Summary Results of Operations

	Three Months End September 30,				_	avorable ifavorable)		Nine Mor Septen			_	avorable favorable)
		2015		2014	'		2015		2014		Variance	
				(In	milli	ons, except p	er sh	are inform	n)			
Revenue	\$	162.4	\$	162.9	\$	(0.5)	\$	509.8	\$	490.6	\$	19.2
Gross profit	\$	96.7	\$	91.7	\$	5.0	\$	293.8	\$	283.2	\$	10.6
General and administrative expenses		41.6		33.8		(7.7)		110.4		102.8		(7.5)
Interest expense		15.4		25.0		9.6		46.8		74.9		28.1
(Gain) loss on disposition of assets		(2.3)		(0.2)		2.1		(2.3)		0.6		2.9
Other expenses, net (1)		2.4		3.3		0.9		9.7		10.3		0.6
Income tax provision		15.3		10.9		(4.5)		49.6		35.7		(13.9)
Net income	\$	24.3	\$	18.9	\$	5.4	\$	79.6	\$	58.9	\$	20.7
Net income per diluted share	\$	1.28	\$	0.99	\$	0.29	\$	4.16	\$	3.06	\$	1.10

⁽¹⁾ Amortization of intangible assets, closure and impairment charges and loss on extinguishment of debt.

Net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 28.4% and 35.1%, respectively, compared with the same periods of the prior year. In each case, the improvement was primarily due to (i) significantly lower interest expense resulting from the refinancing of our long-term debt in the fourth quarter of 2014 at a fixed interest rate approximately 3% lower than prior to the refinancing, (ii) growth in gross profit, primarily stemming from an increase in

IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months and, with respect to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales, and (iii) a gain of approximately \$2.0 million from the refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in the Kansas City area.

These favorable items were partially offset by increases in general and administrative ("G&A") expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the respective periods of the prior year. In September 2015, we announced a strategic decision to consolidate many core restaurant and franchisee support functions at our Glendale, California headquarters and to exit a significant portion of our Applebee's restaurant support center in Kansas City, Missouri. We recorded a net charge of approximately \$3.6 million in the third quarter of 2015, consisting primarily of severance and other personnel-related costs for employees impacted by the consolidation. Additionally, costs of professional services increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the respective periods of the prior year.

Net income per diluted share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 29.3% and 35.9%, respectively, compared with the same periods of the prior year. These increases were greater than the increases in net income due to the impact on weighted shares outstanding of repurchases of our common stock.

Key Performance Indicators

In evaluating the performance of each restaurant concept, we consider the key performance indicators to be net franchise restaurant development and the percentage change in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales. Since we are a 99% franchised company, expanding the number of Applebee's and IHOP franchise restaurants is an important driver of revenue growth because we currently do not plan to open any new company-operated restaurants. Further, while refranchising or renewals may result in new rental and financing agreements, we currently do not plan to significantly expand our rental and financing operations, both of which are legacies from the IHOP business model we operated under prior to 2003. Growth in both the number of franchise restaurants and sales at those restaurants will drive franchise revenues in the form of higher royalty revenues, additional franchise fees and, in the case of IHOP restaurants, sales of proprietary pancake and waffle dry mix.

An overview of these key performance indicators for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Applebee's IHOP (0.5)% 5.8%	Nine Mont	hs Ended	
	September	60, 2015 Se	September	30, 2015
	Applebee's	IHOP	Applebee's	IHOP
% (decrease) increase in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales	(0.5)%	5.8%	1.2%	5.6%
Net franchise restaurant development (1)	2	9	1	17

⁽¹⁾ Franchise and area license restaurant openings, net of closings and the refranchising of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in July, 2015.

IHOP domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 5.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Coupled with increases in the first two quarters of 2015 of 4.8% and 6.2%, respectively, IHOP domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 5.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increases for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 resulted from a higher average customer check and an increase in customer traffic. According to industry data, IHOP outperformed the family dining segment as well as the overall restaurant industry in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales during the first nine months of 2015. Based on data from Black Box Intelligence ("Black Box"), a restaurant sales reporting firm, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, both the family dining segment and the overall restaurant industry experienced increases in average customer check that were partially offset by a decrease in customer traffic.

The 0.5% decrease in Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was the first decrease in same-restaurant sales for Applebee's since the first quarter of 2014. Applebee's same-restaurant sales increased 2.9% and 1.0%, respectively, in the first and second quarters of 2015, and as a result, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 1.2%. The decrease in Applebee's same-restaurant sales for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to a decline in customer traffic that was only partially offset by a higher average customer check. The increase in Applebee's same-restaurant sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was due to a higher average customer check partially offset by a decline in customer traffic. Based on data from Black Box, Applebee's increase in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was lower than that of the casual dining segment, which, compared to Applebee's, experienced a larger increase in average customer check and a smaller decrease in customer traffic.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, Applebee's franchisees opened 23 new restaurants and closed 22 restaurants, resulting in net franchise development of one Applebee's franchise restaurant. We also refranchised 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in July 2015, and as a result, the total number of Applebee's franchise restaurants increased by 24 since the beginning of 2015. IHOP franchisees opened 31 new restaurants and closed 14 restaurants, resulting in net IHOP franchise restaurant development of 17 restaurants during the first nine months of 2015.

Franchise restaurant closures take place each year for a variety of reasons. The number of Applebee's and IHOP restaurants that were closed during the first nine months of 2015 is less than the number that were closed during the first nine months of 2014, but that is not considered to be indicative of any trend.

For the full year of 2015, we expect IHOP franchisees to open between 50 to 60 new restaurants and Applebee's franchisees to open between 35 to 45 new restaurants. The majority of openings for each brand is expected to be in domestic markets. Typically, the majority of gross and net franchise restaurant development for each brand takes place in the latter part of any given year. The actual number of openings in 2015 may differ from both our expectations and development commitments. Historically, the actual number of restaurants developed in a particular year has been less than the total number committed to be developed due to various factors, including economic conditions and franchisee noncompliance with restaurant opening commitments in development agreements. The timing of new restaurant openings also may be affected by other factors including weather-related and other construction delays, difficulties in obtaining timely regulatory approvals and the impact of currency fluctuations on our international franchisees.

Additional detail on each of these key performance indicators is presented under the captions "Restaurant Development Activity" and "Restaurant Data" that follow.

In evaluating the performance of the consolidated enterprise, we consider the key performance indicators to be cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow (cash from operations, plus net receipts from notes and equipment contract receivables, less capital expenditures).

Nine Months Ended

Our cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Nine Mon						
	Septen	nber :	30,	I	ncrease		
	 2015 2014 (In millions)				(Decrease)		
		(1	In millions)				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 70.6	\$	102.4	\$	(31.8)		
Free cash flow	\$ 75.6	\$	102.0	\$	(26.4)		

The decrease in cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow was primarily due to the impact on working capital of the timing of interest payments and marketing accruals, partially offset by an increase in net income. Additional detail is presented under the caption "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Restaurant Development Activity

resmarant De	veropment reavity	Three Mon			Nine Months	
	-	Septem 2015	2014		September 2015	2014
	-	2013	2014	(Unaudited)	2013	2014
Applebee's Re	estaurant Development Activity			(
Summary - be	ginning of period:					
Franchise		1,993	1,	986	1,994	1,988
Company 1	restaurants	23		23	23	23
	Total Applebee's restaurants, beginning of period	2,016	2,	009	2,017	2,011
Franchise resta	aurants opened:					
Domestic		7		7	17	20
Internation	al	2		3	6	4
	Total franchise restaurants opened	9		10	23	24
Franchise resta	aurants closed:					
Domestic		(6)		(7)	(14)	(17)
Internation	al	(1)	_	(3)	(8)	(9)
	Total franchise restaurants closed	(7)		(10)	(22)	(26)
	Net franchise restaurant development (reduction)	2		_	1	(2)
Refranchised f	From Company restaurants	23		_	23	_
	Net franchise restaurant additions (reductions)	25	•	_	24	(2)
~	-					
Summary - en	d of period:	2.010		006	2010	1.006
Franchise		2,018	1,	986	2,018	1,986
Company 1		2.010		23	2010	23
	Total Applebee's restaurants, end of period	2,018		009	2,018	2,009
	IHOP Restaurant Development Activity					
	Summary - beginning of period:					
	Franchise	1,479	1,455	1,472	1,439	
	Area license	166	167	167	168	
	Company	13	10	11	13	
	Total IHOP restaurants, beginning of period	1,658	1,632	1,650	1,620	
	-					
	Franchise/area license restaurants opened:					
	Domestic franchise	11	11	24	27	
	Domestic area license	_	1	2	3	
	International franchise	2	6	5	15	
	Total franchise/area license restaurants opened	13	18	31	45	
	Franchise/area license restaurants closed:					
	Domestic franchise	(4)	(5)	(11)	(16)	
	Domestic area license	_	_	(3)	(2)	
	International franchise	_	(1)	_	(2)	
	International area license				(1)	
	Total franchise/area license restaurants closed	(4)	(6)	(14)	(21)	
	Net franchise/area license restaurant development	9	12	17	24	
	Refranchised from Company restaurants	2	_	3	4	
	Franchise restaurants reacquired by the Company	_	_	(3)	(1)	
	Net franchise/area license restaurant additions	11	12	17	27	
	Summary - end of period:					
	Franchise	1,490	1,466	1,490	1,466	
	Area license	166	168	166	168	
	Company	11	10	11	10	
	Total IHOP restaurants, end of period	1,667	1,644	1,667	1,644	
	=				-,011	

Restaurant Data

The following table sets forth the number of "Effective Restaurants" in the Applebee's and IHOP systems and information regarding the percentage change in sales at those restaurants compared to the same periods in the prior year. Sales at restaurants that are owned by franchisees and area licensees are not attributable to the Company. However, we believe that presentation of this information is useful in analyzing our revenues because franchisees and area licensees pay us royalties and advertising fees that are generally based on a percentage of their sales, and, where applicable, rental payments under leases that partially may be based on a percentage of their sales. Management also uses this information to make decisions about future plans for the development of additional restaurants as well as evaluation of current operations.

	Three Mor Septen		ne Months Ended September 30,			
	 2015	2014		2015		2014
		(Unau	dited)			
Applebee's Restaurant Data						
Effective Restaurants(a)						
Franchise	2,011	1,985		1,998		1,985
Company	 5	 23		17		23
Total	 2,016	 2,008		2,015		2,008
System-wide(b)						
Sales percentage change(c)	0.4 %	2.5%		2.1%		0.7%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change(d)	(0.5)%	1.7%		1.2%		0.6%
Franchise ^(b)						
Sales percentage change(c)	1.2 %	2.5%		2.3%		0.7%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change(d)	0.5 %	1.7%		1.2%		0.6%
Average weekly domestic unit sales (in thousands)	\$ 45.9	\$ 46.0	\$	48.6	\$	47.9
Effective Restaurants(a)						
Franchise	1,482	1,459		1,474		1,449
Area license	166	168		167		167
Company	12	 10		13		10
Total	 1,660	 1,637		1,654		1,626
System-wide ^(b)						
Sales percentage change(c)	7.0 %	5.3%		6.8%		5.9%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change ^(d)	5.8 %	2.4%		5.6%		3.2%
Franchise ^(b)						
Sales percentage change(c)	6.8 %	5.6%		6.5%		6.0%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change ^(d)	5.8 %	2.4%		5.6%		3.2%
Average weekly domestic unit sales (in thousands)	\$ 37.6	\$ 35.8	\$	37.6	\$	35.9
Area License ^(b)						
Sales percentage change(c)	8.0 %	4.0%		7.6%		5.9%
bares percentage enange.	0.0 /0	7.070		7.070		5.9/0

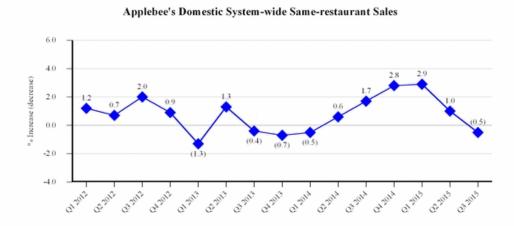
- (a) "Effective Restaurants" are the weighted average number of restaurants open in a given fiscal period, adjusted to account for restaurants open for only a portion of the period. Information is presented for all Effective Restaurants in the Applebee's and IHOP systems, which includes restaurants owned by franchisees and area licensees as well as those owned by the Company.
- (b) "System-wide sales" are retail sales at Applebee's restaurants operated by franchisees and IHOP restaurants operated by franchisees and area licensees, as reported to the Company, in addition to retail sales at company-operated restaurants. Sales at restaurants that are owned by franchisees and area licensees are not attributable to the Company. Unaudited reported sales for Applebee's domestic franchise restaurants, IHOP franchise restaurants and IHOP area license restaurants were as follows:

	Three Mo Septen				Nine Mor Septen	
	2015	2014			2015	2014
Reported sales (unaudited)			(In m	illior	ıs)	
Applebee's domestic franchise restaurant sales	\$ 1,113.2	\$	1,100.3	\$	3,513.8	\$ 3,434.1
IHOP franchise restaurant sales	724.5		678.3		2,160.9	2,028.1
IHOP area license restaurant sales	69.4		64.3		214.2	199.2
Total	\$ 1,907.1	\$	1,842.9	\$	5,888.9	\$ 5,661.4

- (c) "Sales percentage change" reflects, for each category of restaurants, the percentage change in sales in any given fiscal period compared to the prior fiscal period for all restaurants in that category.
- (d) "Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change" reflects the percentage change in sales in any given fiscal period, compared to the same weeks in the prior fiscal period, for domestic restaurants that have been operated throughout both fiscal periods that are being compared and have been open for at least 18 months. Because of new restaurant openings and restaurant closures, the domestic restaurants open throughout both fiscal periods being compared may be different from period to period. Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change does not include data on IHOP area license restaurants.

Significant Known Events, Trends or Uncertainties Impacting or Expected to Impact Comparisons of Reported or Future Results

Same-restaurant Sales Trends



Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales decreased 0.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 from the same period in 2014. The decrease resulted from a decline in customer traffic that was only partially offset by a higher average customer check. The decline in Applebee's customer traffic grew progressively larger from the first quarter of 2015 to the third quarter. Same-restaurant sales for the third quarter of 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results expected for the full year.

(Section 2) (0.5) (0.5) (0.5) (0.5) (0.5) (0.5)

IHOP Domestic System-wide Same-restaurant Sales

IHOP's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 5.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 from the same period in 2014, the tenth consecutive quarter of positive same-restaurant sales for IHOP. The increase resulted from a higher average customer check and an increase in customer traffic. IHOP customer traffic has increased for five consecutive quarters. We believe the higher annual contribution percentage of restaurant gross sales to the IHOP National Advertising Fund, increased by a large majority of IHOP franchisees commencing in the third quarter of 2014, continues to have a positive impact on sales and traffic. Same-restaurant sales for the third quarter of 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results expected for the full year.

Based on data from Black Box, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, customer traffic declined for the overall restaurant industry as well as for both the casual dining and family dining segments of the restaurant industry. During the third quarter of 2015, we experienced an increase in IHOP customer traffic and a decline in Applebee's customer traffic. In the short term, a decline in customer traffic may be offset by an increase in average customer check resulting from an increase

in menu prices, a favorable change in product sales mix, or a combination thereof. A sustained decline in same-restaurant customer traffic that cannot be offset by an increase in average customer check could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We strive to identify and create opportunities for growth in customer traffic and frequency, average check and same-restaurant sales. We focus on building our brands with a long-term view through a strategic combination of menu, media, remodel and development initiatives to continually innovate and evolve both brands. To drive each brand forward, we seek to innovate and remain actively focused on driving sustainable sales and traffic.

Consolidation of Kansas City Restaurant Support Center

In September 2015, we announced a strategic decision to consolidate many core restaurant and franchisee support functions at our Glendale, California headquarters and to exit a significant portion of our Applebee's restaurant support center in Kansas City, Missouri. We estimate we will incur approximately \$8 million in costs related to the exit of the facility and \$5 million in employee termination benefits and other personnel-related costs associated with this consolidation.

We recorded a net charge of \$3.3 million in the third quarter of 2015 related to severance and other personnel-related costs for employees impacted by the consolidation action, and increased depreciation of \$0.3 million due to the shortening of the estimated useful life of facility assets. The majority of the facility exit costs will be incurred as of the date we stop using the portion of the facility we will be exiting, estimated to be in the first half of fiscal 2016.

53rd Week in Fiscal 2015

We have a 52/53 week fiscal year that ends on the Sunday nearest to December 31 of each year. In a 52-week fiscal year, each fiscal quarter contains 13 weeks, comprised of two, four-week fiscal months followed by a five-week fiscal month. In a 53-week fiscal year, the last month of the fourth fiscal quarter contains six weeks. Our fiscal 2015, which began on December 29, 2014 and will end on January 3, 2016, will contain 53 weeks.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Comparison of the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

REVENUE	 Three Months Ended September 30,				ivorable favorable)		Nine Mor Septen		Favorable - (Unfavorabl		
	2015		2014	,	ariance		2015		2014	•	ariance
	 (In mi						s)				
Franchise operations	\$ 120.1	\$	114.3	\$	5.8	\$	364.9	\$	340.6	\$	24.3
Rental operations	31.2		30.8		0.4		93.8		92.2		1.6
Company restaurant operations	8.1		15.0		(6.9)		42.8		47.0		(4.2)
Financing operations	3.0		2.8		0.2		8.3		10.8		(2.5)
Total revenue	\$ 162.4	\$	162.9	\$	(0.5)	\$	509.8	\$	490.6	\$	19.2
Change vs. prior period	(0.3)%						3.9%				

Total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 declined slightly compared with the same period of the prior year, due to the refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in the Kansas City area in July 2015, and, to a lesser degree, the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations and a 0.5% decrease in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales. These declines were partially offset by (i) higher franchise royalty and rental revenues that resulted from a 5.8% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, (ii) higher IHOP advertising revenues resulting from an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales and (iii) IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months.

The improvement in total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to (i) higher IHOP advertising revenues resulting from an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales, (ii) higher franchise royalty and rental revenues that resulted from a 5.6% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, (iii) higher franchise royalty revenues resulting from a 1.2% increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and (iv) IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months. These favorable items were partially offset by (i) a decline in company-operated restaurant revenues due to

the refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants noted above, (ii) a decline in financing revenues of \$1.4 million associated with the early termination of two leases in the first quarter of 2014 that did not recur in 2015, and (iii) the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations.

GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Mor Septen	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	2015		2014		Variance		2015	2014	,	Variance
					(In mi	illions)				_
Franchise operations	\$ 86.8	\$	82.1	\$	4.7	\$	262.0	\$ 252.3	\$	9.7
Rental operations	8.0		7.1		0.9		23.7	21.1		2.6
Company restaurant operations	(0.6)		(0.3)		(0.3)		0.3	(0.2)		0.5
Financing operations	2.5		2.8		(0.3)		7.8	10.0		(2.2)
Total gross profit	\$ 96.7	\$	91.7	\$	5.0	\$	293.8	\$ 283.2	\$	10.6
Change vs. prior period	5.5%						3.7%			

The improvement in total gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to higher franchise royalty and rental revenues that resulted from the 5.8% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales and IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months, partially offset by the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations and lower franchise royalty revenues resulting from the 0.5% decrease in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales.

The improvement in total gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was due to higher franchise royalty and rental revenues that resulted from the 5.6% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, higher franchise royalty revenues resulting from a 1.2% increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months, offset in part by the decline in financing revenues of \$1.4 million associated with the early termination of two leases as discussed under "Revenue" above and the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations.

FRANCHISE OPERATIONS	Three Months Ended September 30,					ivorable favorable)		Nine Mo Septer	-	avorable nfavorable)		
		2015		2014		ariance		2015		2014		Variance
					(In m	illions, except 1	ıumber	of restauran	its)			
Effective Franchise Restaurants:(1)												
Applebee's		2,011		1,985		26		1,998		1,985		13
IHOP		1,648		1,627		21		1,641		1,616		25
Franchise Revenues:												
Applebee's	\$	48.6	\$	47.8	\$	0.8	\$	150.9	\$	148.6	\$	2.3
IHOP		45.0		42.5		2.5		134.5		126.1		8.4
IHOP advertising		26.5		24.0		2.5		79.5		65.9		13.6
Total franchise revenues		120.1		114.3		5.8		364.9		340.6		24.3
Franchise Expenses:												
Applebee's		1.4		1.1		(0.3)		4.7		3.8		(0.9)
IHOP		5.4		7.1		1.7		18.7		18.6		(0.1)
IHOP advertising		26.5		24.0		(2.5)		79.5		65.9		(13.6)
Total franchise expenses		33.3		32.2		(1.1)		102.9		88.3		(14.6)
Franchise Segment Profit:												
Applebee's		47.2		46.7		0.5		146.2		144.8		1.4
IHOP		39.6		35.4		4.2		115.8		107.5		8.3
Total franchise segment profit	\$	86.8	\$	82.1	\$	4.7	\$	262.0	\$	252.3	\$	9.7
Gross profit as % of revenue (2)		72.3%		71.8%				71.8%		74.1%		

⁽¹⁾ Effective Franchise Restaurants are the weighted average number of franchise and area license restaurants open in a given fiscal period, adjusted to account for restaurants open for only a portion of the period.

⁽²⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

Applebee's franchise revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased slightly from the same period of the prior year, as higher franchise extension and transfer fees and royalty revenues from refranchised restaurants were partially offset by the unfavorable impact of a strong U.S. dollar on royalty revenues from international franchise restaurants and a 0.5% decrease in domestic same-restaurant sales. Applebee's franchise revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 1.6% from the same period of the prior year, primarily due to a 1.2% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales and royalty revenues from refranchised restaurants, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of a strong U.S. dollar on royalty revenues from international franchise restaurants.

Applebee's franchise expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased primarily due to adjustments to insurance reserves and higher bad debt expense.

The 5.8% increase in IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to higher royalty revenues resulting from a 5.8% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales and a 1.3% increase in Effective Franchise Restaurants, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of a strong U.S. dollar on royalty revenues from international franchise restaurants. The 6.7% increase in IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to higher royalty revenues resulting from a 5.6% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales, a \$1.8 million increase in sales volumes of pancake and waffle dry mix and a 1.5% increase in Effective Franchise Restaurants, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of a strong U.S. dollar on royalty revenues from international franchise restaurants.

The decrease in IHOP franchise expenses (other than advertising) for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to a lower Company contribution to the IHOP National Advertising Fund and a decrease in bad debt expense.

IHOP's total franchise expenses are substantially higher than Applebee's, primarily due to advertising expenses. Advertising contributions designated for IHOP's national advertising fund and local marketing and advertising cooperatives are recognized as revenue and expense of franchise operations. However, because we have less contractual control over Applebee's advertising expenditures, that activity is considered to be an agency relationship and therefore is not recognized as franchise revenue and expense. The increases in IHOP advertising revenue and expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were due to higher contributions to marketing funds by IHOP franchisees. Franchisee contributions to marketing funds were impacted by an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales effective June 30, 2014, as well as by the increases in domestic franchise same-restaurant sales and the new franchise restaurants that favorably impacted IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) as discussed above.

RENTAL OPERATIONS	Three Mo	nths l	Ended			Nine Mo	nths E	nded			
	September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		Septer	0,	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	 2015		2014		Variance		2015		2014		Variance
					(In m	illions)					_
Rental revenues	\$ 31.2	\$	30.8	\$	0.4	\$	93.8	\$	92.2	\$	1.6
Rental expenses	23.2		23.7		0.5		70.1		71.1		1.0
Rental operations segment profit	\$ 8.0	\$	7.1	\$	0.9	\$	23.7	\$	21.1	\$	2.6
Gross profit as % of revenue (1)	25.5%		23.1%		_		25.3%		22.8%		

⁽¹⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

Rental operations relate primarily to IHOP franchise restaurants. Rental income includes revenue from operating leases and interest income from direct financing leases. Rental expenses are costs of prime operating leases and interest expense on prime capital leases on certain franchise restaurants.

Rental segment revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased compared to the same periods of the prior year primarily due to the favorable impact of the increase in IHOP same-restaurant sales on operating leases with sales-contingent rental provisions, partially offset by expected progressive declines of \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in interest income as direct financing leases are repaid. Rental segment expenses decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the same periods of the prior year due to the expected progressive decline in interest expense as capital lease obligations are repaid.

FINANCING OPERATIONS	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Moi Septen	(Favorable Unfavorable)	
	2015		2014	Variance		2015	2014	`	Variance
				(In n	nillions)				
Financing revenues	\$ 3.0	\$	2.8	\$ 0.2	\$	8.3	\$ 10.8	\$	(2.5)
Financing expenses	0.5		_	(0.5)		0.5	0.8		0.3
Financing operations segment profit	\$ 2.5	\$	2.8	\$ (0.3)	\$	7.8	\$ 10.0	\$	(2.2)
Gross profit as % of revenue (1)	83.4%		100.0%	 _		93.8%	92.3%		

⁽¹⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

All financing operations relate to IHOP franchise restaurants. Financing revenues primarily consist of interest income from the financing of equipment leases and franchise fees, as well as sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants. Financing expenses are primarily the cost of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

The increase in financing revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to an increase in sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants, partially offset by an expected progressive decline of \$0.3 million in interest revenue as note balances are repaid. The decrease in financing revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to fees of \$1.4 million associated with the negotiated early termination of two leases in the first quarter of 2014 that did not recur in 2015, an expected progressive decline of \$0.8 million in interest revenue as note balances are repaid and a decrease in sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants. The increase in financing expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to an increase in the cost of sales of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

COMPANY RESTAURANT OPERATIONS

As of September 30, 2015, company restaurant operations comprised 10 IHOP company-operated restaurants in the Cincinnati, Ohio market and one IHOP restaurant reacquired from a franchisee we are operating on a temporary basis until it can be refranchised. In July 2015, we completed the refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of the 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in the Kansas City area and no longer have any company-operated Applebee's restaurants.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, revenue from company restaurant operations decreased \$6.9 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year, primarily due to the refranchising of the 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants, partially offset by an increase in IHOP same-restaurant sales and an increase in the number of temporarily operated IHOP restaurants. Both the amount of and change in segment profit from company-operated restaurants were not significant for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015.

OTHER EXPENSE AND INCOME ITEMS

	 Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Mor Septer	Favorable (Unfavorable)			
	2015 2014		Variance		2015		2014		Variance	
				(In millions)						
General and administrative expenses	\$ 41.6	\$	33.8	\$ (7.7)	\$	110.4	\$	102.8	\$	(7.5)
Interest expense	15.4		25.0	9.6		46.8		74.9		28.1
Amortization of intangible assets	2.5		3.1	0.6		7.5		9.2		1.7
Closure and impairment charges	(0.1)		0.2	0.3		2.2		1.0		(1.2)
(Gain) loss on disposition of assets	(2.3)		(0.2)	2.1		(2.3)		0.6		2.9
Income tax provision	15.3		10.9	(4.5)		49.6		35.7		(13.9)

General and Administrative Expenses

The increase in G&A expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the same period of the prior year was primarily due to an increase of \$4.6 million in personnel-related costs, in addition to higher costs of professional services, consumer research and depreciation. The increase in personnel-related costs was due primarily to charges of \$3.3 million related to the consolidation action discussed under "Significant Known Events, Trends or Uncertainties Impacting or Expected to Impact Comparisons of Reported or Future Results - Consolidation of Kansas City Restaurant Support Center," as well as to higher salary and benefits costs for several management positions filled during 2015.

The increase in G&A expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the same period of the prior year was primarily due to increases of \$3.1 million in costs of professional services and \$2.9 million in personnel-related costs, in addition to higher costs for depreciation and employment recruiting. The increase in personnel-related costs was due primarily to charges of \$3.3 million related to the consolidation action noted above, as well as higher salary and benefits costs for several management positions filled during 2015, partially offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in expense for long-term incentive compensation awards impacted by the relative performance of our stock price.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased by \$9.6 million and \$28.1 million, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year. In the fourth quarter of 2014 we refinanced \$1.225 billion of long-term debt that bore interest at a weighted average rate of approximately 7.3% with \$1.3 billion of new long-term debt bearing interest at a fixed rate of 4.277%. Additionally, deferred financing costs associated with the new long-term debt were smaller than those associated with the old long-term debt, resulting in lower non-cash interest expense for the amortization of the deferred financing costs. These items were partially offset by a small increase in the principal amount of long-term debt outstanding.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of intangible assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased compared to the same respective periods of the prior year because certain intangible assets that arose from the November 2007 acquisition of Applebee's became fully amortized in November 2014.

Closure and Impairment Charges

Both the amount of and change in closure and impairment charges were not significant for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Closure and impairment charges were \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, comprised of \$1.5 million of closure charges and \$0.7 million of impairment charges. Approximately \$1.1 million of closure charges related to two IHOP franchise restaurants closed during 2015, with approximately \$0.3 million related to adjustments for IHOP and Applebee's restaurants closed in prior periods. Closure and impairment charges were \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 comprised of closure charges of \$0.8 million and impairment charges of \$0.2 million. There were no individually significant items in these charges.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we performed assessments of whether events or changes in circumstances have occurred that potentially indicate the carrying value of tangible long-lived assets may not be recoverable. No significant impairments were noted in performing the assessments. We also considered whether there were any indicators of potential impairment to our goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets. No such indicators were noted.

Gain/Loss on Disposition of Assets

In July 2015, we completed the refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in the Kansas City area. We received gross proceeds of approximately \$9 million from the sale and recognized a gain of approximately \$2 million on the transaction. There were no other individually significant asset dispositions during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Provision for Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was 38.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to 36.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2014. Our effective tax rate was 38.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to 37.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 were lower than the corresponding 2015 periods due to the timing of a favorable state return-to-provision adjustment which was recorded in the third quarter of 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2015, our outstanding long-term debt consisted of \$1.3 billion of Series 2014-1 4.277% Fixed Rate Senior Notes, Class A-2 (the "Class A-2 Notes"). We also have a revolving financing facility consisting of Series 2014-1 Variable Funding Senior Notes, Class A-1 (the "Variable Funding Notes"), which allows for drawings of up to \$100 million of Variable Funding Notes and the issuance of letters of credit. The Class A-2 Notes and the Variable Funding Notes are referred to collectively as the "Notes." The Notes were issued in a private securitization transaction pursuant to which substantially all of our domestic revenue-generating assets and our domestic intellectual property are held by certain special-purpose, wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company (the "Guarantors") that act as guarantors of the Notes and that have pledged substantially all of their assets to secure the Notes.

While the Notes are outstanding, payment of principal and interest is required to be made on the Class A-2 Notes on a quarterly basis. The payment of principal on the Class A-2 Notes may be suspended when the leverage ratio for the Company and its subsidiaries is less than or equal to 5.25x. At September 30, 2015, our leverage ratio was 4.74x (see Exhibit 12.1). Our leverage ratio has been less than 5.25x for each quarterly period since the Notes were issued and accordingly, no payments of principal have been required.

The Variable Funding Notes were not drawn upon at September 30, 2015 and we have not drawn on them since issuance. At September 30, 2015, \$8.4 million was pledged against the Variable Funding Notes for outstanding letters of credit, leaving \$91.6 million of Variable Funding Notes available for borrowings. The letters of credit are used primarily to satisfy insurance-related collateral requirements.

The Notes are subject to customary rapid amortization events for similar types of financing, including events tied to our failure to maintain the stated debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR"), the sum of domestic retail sales for all restaurants being below certain levels on certain measurement dates, certain manager termination events, certain events of default and the failure to repay or refinance the Notes on the Class A-2 Anticipated Repayment Date in September 2021. The Notes are also subject to certain customary events of default, including events relating to non-payment of required interest, principal or other amounts due on or with respect to the Notes, failure to maintain the stated DSCR, failure to comply with covenants within certain time frames, certain bankruptcy events, breaches of specified representations and warranties and certain judgments.

Failure to maintain a prescribed DSCR can trigger a Cash Trapping Event, A Rapid Amortization Event, a Manager Termination Event or a Default Event as described below. In a Cash Trapping Event, the Trustee is required to retain a certain percentage of excess Cash Flow (as defined) in a restricted account. In a Rapid Amortization Event, all excess Cash Flow is retained and used to retire principal amounts of debt. Key DSCRs are as follows:

- DSCR less than 1.75x but equal to or greater than 1.50x Cash Trapping Event, 50% of Net Cash Flow
- DSCR less than 1.50x Cash Trapping Event, 100% of Net Cash Flow
- DSCR less than 1.30x Rapid Amortization Event
- DSCR less than 1.20x Manager Termination Event
- DSCR less than 1.10x Default Event

Our DSCR for the reporting period ended September 30, 2015 was 5.21x (see Exhibit 12.1).

Dividends

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we paid dividends on common stock of \$49.8 million, representing the dividends declared in the fourth quarter of 2014 and the first and second quarters of 2015. On July 30, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a third quarter 2015 cash dividend of \$0.875 per share of common stock. This dividend was paid on October 9, 2015 to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 11, 2015.

On October 1, 2015, the Board of Directors approved a 5% increase in the Company's quarterly cash dividend to \$0.92 per share of common stock. This fourth quarter 2015 dividend will be paid on January 8, 2016 to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 11, 2015.

We evaluate dividend payments on common stock within the context of our overall capital allocation strategy with our Board of Directors on an ongoing basis, giving consideration to our current and forecast earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors.

Share Repurchases

In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$100 million of DineEquity common stock (the "\$100MM Repurchase Program") on an opportunistic basis from time to time in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The \$100MM Repurchase Program, as approved by the Board of Directors, did not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and could be terminated at any time. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we repurchased 489,504 shares of common stock at a cost of \$50.0 million under the \$100MM Repurchase Program. As of September 30, 2015, we have repurchased a cumulative total of \$09,839 shares of common stock under the \$100MM Repurchase Program at a total cost of \$52.0 million. As of September 30, 2015, a total of \$48.0 million was remaining under the \$100MM Repurchase Program.

On October 1, 2015, our Board of Directors terminated the \$100MM Repurchase Program and approved a new stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$150 million of DineEquity common stock.

We evaluate repurchases of common stock within the context of our overall capital allocation strategy with our Board of Directors on an ongoing basis, giving consideration to our current and forecast earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors.

Cash Flows

In summary, our cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2015 2014		Variance			
				(In millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	70.6	\$	102.4	\$	(31.8)
Net cash provided by investing activities		21.2		5.4		15.8
Net cash used in financing activities		(89.9)		(81.0)		(8.9)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.9	\$	26.8	\$	(24.9)

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased \$31.8 million compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased compared to the same period of 2014, primarily due to lower interest expense resulting from the refinancing of our long-term debt in the fourth quarter of 2014 and an increase in gross profit, partially offset by an increase in G&A expenses. However, net changes in working capital used cash of \$25.2 million during the first nine months of 2015 compared to providing cash of \$28.0 million during the first nine months of 2014, an unfavorable variance of \$53.2 million.

The unfavorable variance in working capital changes was primarily due to the timing of interest payments on long-term debt, the timing of advertising and other marketing-related accruals and higher income tax payments. Our Notes require quarterly interest payments, whereas interest payments on a significant portion of our old long-term debt were required semi-annually in April and October. We had approximately 25 days of interest accrued at September 30, 2015 as compared to five months of interest accrued at September 30, 2014. This timing negatively impacted the change in working capital by \$28.3 million. The timing of advertising and other marketing-related accruals adversely impacted working capital by \$18.0 million. These accruals were unusually high at September 30, 2014 due to the increase in advertising activity related to the agreement with a large majority of IHOP franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales effective June 30, 2014 as discussed under "Results of Operations - Franchise Operations" above.

Additionally, we made higher estimated income tax payments in 2015 compared to 2014. Our estimated tax payments during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were lower relative to that period's current tax provision in anticipation that deductible expenses related to our refinancing of long-term debt would be incurred in the latter half of 2014. The higher tax payments in 2015 had an unfavorable impact on both the change in working capital and total cash from operations.

Investing Activities

Investing activities provided net cash of \$21.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Principal receipts from notes, equipment contracts and other long-term receivables of \$16.5 million and proceeds from sales of assets of \$10.8 million were partially offset by \$5.8 million in capital expenditures. Capital expenditures are expected to be approximately \$8 million for fiscal 2015.

Financing Activities

Financing activities used net cash of \$89.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Cash used in financing activities primarily consisted of repurchases of our common stock totaling \$50.0 million, cash dividends on our common stock totaling \$49.8 million and repayments of capital lease and financing obligations of \$9.7 million. Cash provided by financing activities primarily consisted of a decrease in restricted cash of \$10.0 million and a net cash inflow of approximately \$9.5 million related to equity compensation awards.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2015, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$105.9 million, including \$42.1 million of cash held for gift card programs and advertising funds.

Based on our current level of operations, we believe that our cash flow from operations, available cash and available borrowing capacity under our Variable Funding Notes will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months.

Free Cash Flow

We define "free cash flow" for a given period as cash provided by operating activities, plus net receipts from notes and equipment contract receivables, less additions to property and equipment. We believe this information is helpful to investors to determine our cash available for general corporate purposes and for the return of cash to stockholders pursuant to our capital allocation strategy, and is the same measure used by management for these purposes.

Free cash flow is considered to be a non-U.S. GAAP measure. Reconciliation of the cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2015 2014		Variance			
			((In millions)		
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	70.6	\$	102.4	\$	(31.8)
Net receipts from notes and equipment contracts receivable		10.8		5.1		5.7
Additions to property and equipment		(5.8)		(5.5)		(0.3)
Free cash flow	\$	75.6	\$	102.0	\$	(26.4)

This non-U.S. GAAP measure is not defined in the same manner by all companies and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. Non-U.S. GAAP measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the U.S. GAAP information contained within our financial statements.

The decline in free cash flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the same period of the prior year is primarily due to the decrease in cash from operating activities discussed above, partially offset by an increase in receipts from notes and equipment contracts receivable due to the early repayment of several equipment notes.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2015, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There were no material changes to the contractual obligations table as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires we make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net revenues and expenses in the reporting period. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. We continually review the estimates and underlying assumptions to ensure they are appropriate for the circumstances. Accounting assumptions and estimates are inherently uncertain and actual results may differ materially from our estimates.

A summary of our critical accounting estimates is included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, there were no significant changes in our estimates and critical accounting policies.

See Note 3, "Accounting Policies," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently adopted accounting standards and newly issued accounting standards.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There were no material changes from the information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of December 31, 2014.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are subject to various lawsuits, administrative proceedings, audits and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Some of these lawsuits purport to be class actions and/or seek substantial damages. We are required to record an accrual for litigation loss contingencies that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Legal fees and expenses associated with the defense of all of our litigation are expensed as such fees and expenses are incurred. Management regularly assesses our insurance deductibles, analyzes litigation information with our attorneys and evaluates our loss experience in connection with pending legal proceedings. While we do not presently believe that any of the legal proceedings to which we are currently a party will ultimately have a material adverse impact on us, there can be no assurance that we will prevail in all the proceedings we are party to, or that we will not incur material losses from them

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There are no material changes from the risk factors set forth under Item 1A of Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Company

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (c)	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (c)
June 29, 2015 – July 26, 2015(a)	165	\$101.22	_	\$63,000,000
July 27, 2015 – August 23, 2015(b)	146,991	\$103.75	144,614	\$48,000,000
August 24, 2015 – September 27, 2015(a)	1,218	\$94.09	_	\$48,000,000
Total	148,374	\$103.67	144,614	\$48,000,000

⁽a) These amounts represent shares owned and tendered by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising upon vesting of restricted stock awards.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

⁽b) These amounts include 2,377 shares owned and tendered by employees at an average price of \$104.01 to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising upon vesting of restricted stock awards during the fiscal month ended August 23, 2015.

⁽c) In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$100 million of DineEquity common stock (the "\$100MM Repurchase Program") on an opportunistic basis from time to time in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The \$100MM Repurchase Program, as approved by the Board of Directors, did not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and could be terminated at any time. On October 1, 2015, our Board of Directors terminated the \$100MM Repurchase Program and approved a new stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$150 million of DineEquity common stock, which is not reflected in these amounts.

Item 6. Exhibits.

3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of DineEquity, Inc. (Exhibit 99.3 to Registrant's Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Amended Bylaws of DineEquity, Inc. (Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Form 8-K filed on June 2, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference).
*†10.1	DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Award Agreement - Employees
*12.1	Computation of Debt Service Coverage Ratio for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015 and Leverage Ratio as of September 30, 2015.
*31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
*31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
*32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
*32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.***
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document.***
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document.***
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document.***
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document.***
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document.***

* Filed herewith.

- ** The certifications attached as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 accompany this Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- *** Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the interactive data files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.
- † A contract, compensatory plan or arrangement in which directors or executive officers are eligible to participate.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	DineEquity, Inc. (Registrant)	
Dated: October 29, 2015	Ву:	/s/ Julia A. Stewart Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
Dated: October 29, 2015	Ву:	/s/ Thomas W. Emrey Thomas W. Emrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
Dated: October 29, 2015	Ву:	/s/ Greggory Kalvin Greggory Kalvin Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

DINEEQUITY, INC. 2011 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THIS RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is entered into as of (the "Date of Grant"), by and between DINEEQUITY, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and (the "Participant").
RECITALS:
Pursuant to the DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Committee"), as the administrator of the Plan, has determined that the Participant is to be granted a Restricted Stock Award (the "Award") pursuant to which the Participant shall receive shares of the Company's common stock, on the terms and conditions set forth herein.
Any capitalized terms not defined herein shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Plan.
AGREEMENT:
In consideration of the foregoing and of the mutual covenants set forth herein and other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:
1. <u>GRANT OF STOCK</u> . The Company hereby grants to Participant a Restricted Stock Award of <u>shares</u> shares (the "Restricted Shares") of common stock, \$.01 par value, of the Company (the "Common Stock"), subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.
2. <u>RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS</u> . Subject to the Participant's continuous employment with the Company, the Restriction Period applicable to the Restricted Shares shall lapse, and the Restricted Shares shall become vested as to one-fourth of the Restricted Shares subject to the Award on each of the first and second anniversaries of the Date of Grant and one-half of the Restricted Shares subject to the Award on the third anniversary of the Date of Grant. Except as provided in Section 3, the Restricted Shares will be forfeited as to the unvested portion of the Award if the Participant does not remain continuously in the employment of the Company through the specified lapsing dates set forth above. So long as the shares of Common Stock are subject to restrictions imposed under the Plan and the Agreement:
(a) the shares shall be held by a custodian in book entry form with restrictions on such shares duly noted or, alternatively, a certificate or certificates representing the Award shall be registered in the Participant's name;
(b) all such certificates shall be deposited with the Company, together with stock powers or other instruments of assignment (including a power of attorney), each endorsed in blank with a guarantee of signature if deemed necessary or appropriate, which would permit
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transfer to the Company of all or a portion of the shares of Common Stock subject to the Award in the event the Award is forfeited in whole or in part;

- (c) the record address of the holder of record of such shares shall be care of the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal executive office;
 - (d) such shares shall bear a restrictive legend, as follows:

"The transferability of this certificate and the shares of stock represented hereby are subject to the terms and conditions (including forfeiture) of the DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, and a Restricted Stock Award Agreement entered into between the registered owner and DineEquity, Inc. Copies of such Plan and Agreement are on file in the offices of DineEquity, Inc.";

- (e) such shares shall bear any additional legend which may be required pursuant to Section 5.6 of the Plan; and
- (f) the Participant shall not be permitted to sell, transfer, pledge or assign the shares, except as described in Section 4 below.

As of each lapsing date set forth above or in Section 3, subject to the Company's right to require payment of any taxes as described in Section 8 below, the restrictions shall be removed from the requisite number of any shares of Common Stock that are held in book entry form, and all certificates evidencing ownership of the requisite number of shares of Common Stock shall be delivered to the Participant.

3. RIGHTS UPON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

- (a) <u>Service Vesting</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 3, the Restricted Shares will be forfeited as to the unvested portion of the Award if the Participant does not remain continuously in the employment of the Company through the specified lapsing dates set forth in Section 2 above.
- (b) <u>Disability or Death</u>. If the Participant's employment with the Company terminates due to Disability or death, the Restriction Period shall lapse in its entirety and the Restricted Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable.
- (c) <u>Change in Control</u>. If the Participant's employment with the Company is terminated within a period of twenty-four (24) months following a Change in Control (i) by the Company other than for Cause or (ii) by the Participant for Good Reason (as such terms are defined herein below or in the Plan), the Restriction Period shall lapse in its entirety and the Restricted Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable.
- 4. <u>NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF AWARD</u>. The Award and this Agreement shall not be transferable other than by will, the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to beneficiary designation procedures approved by the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

the Award and this Agreement may be transferable to the Participant's family members, to a trust or entity established by the Participant for estate planning purposes, to a charitable organization designated by the Participant or pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order. Except as permitted by this Section 4, the Award may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to so sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of the Award, the Award and all rights thereunder shall immediately become null and void.

- 5. <u>DISPUTE RESOLUTION</u>. The parties hereto will use their reasonable best efforts to resolve any dispute hereunder through good faith negotiations. A party hereto must submit a written notice to any other party to whom such dispute pertains, and any such dispute that cannot be resolved within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of such notice (or such other period to which the parties may agree) will be submitted to an arbitrator selected by mutual agreement of the parties. In the event that, within fifty (50) days of the written notice referred to in the preceding sentence, a single arbitrator has not been selected by mutual agreement of the parties, a panel of arbitrators (with each party to the dispute being entitled to select one arbitrator and, if necessary to prevent the possibility of deadlock, one additional arbitrator being selected by such arbitrators selected by the parties to the dispute) shall be selected by the parties. Except as otherwise provided herein or as the parties to the dispute may otherwise agree, such arbitration will be conducted in accordance with the then existing rules of the American Arbitration Association. The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or of a majority thereof, as the case may be, made in writing will be final and binding upon the parties hereto as to the questions submitted, and the parties will abide by and comply with such decision; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, the arbitrator or arbitrators, as the case may be, shall not be empowered to award punitive damages. Unless the decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators, as the case may be, provides for a different allocation of costs and expenses determined by the arbitrators to be equitable under the circumstances, the prevailing party or parties in any arbitration will be entitled to recover all reasonable fees (including but not limited to attorneys' fees) and expenses incurred by it or them in connection with such arbitration from the non-prevailing party or parties.
- 6. <u>NOTICES</u>. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered either personally, by overnight courier, or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed as appropriate, to the Participant either at his/her address set forth below or such other address as he or she may designate in writing to the Company, or to the Company: Attention: General Counsel (or said designee), at the Company's address or such other address as the Company may designate in writing to the Participant.
- 7. <u>FAILURE TO ENFORCE NOT A WAIVER</u>. The failure of the Company to enforce at any time any provision of this Agreement shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provision or of any other provision hereof.
- 8. <u>WITHHOLDING</u>. The Company shall have the right to require, prior to the issuance or delivery of any shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Award, payment by the Participant of any federal, state, local or other taxes which may be required to be withheld or

paid in connection with the Award. The Company shall withhold whole shares of Common Stock which would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, having an aggregate Fair Market Value determined as of the date the obligation to withhold or pay taxes arises in connection with an award (the "Tax Date"), or withhold an amount of cash which would otherwise be payable to the Participant, in the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation, or the Participant may satisfy any such obligation by any of the following means: (i) a cash payment to the Company, (ii) delivery (either actual delivery or by attestation procedures established by the Company) to the Company of previously owned whole shares of Common Stock having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the Tax Date, equal to the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation, (iii) authorizing the Company to withhold whole shares of Common Stock which would otherwise be delivered having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the Tax Date, or withhold an amount of cash which would otherwise be payable to the Participant, in either case equal to the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation or (iv) any combination of (i), (ii) and (iii). Shares of Common Stock to be delivered or withheld may not have an aggregate Fair Market Value in excess of the amount determined by applying the minimum statutory withholding rate. Any fraction of a share of Common Stock which would be required to satisfy such an obligation shall be disregarded and the remaining amount due shall be paid in cash by the Participant.

- 9. <u>INCORPORATION OF PLAN</u>. The Plan is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part hereof, and the Award and this Agreement are subject to all terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 10. <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>. Neither the Plan, the granting of the Award, this Agreement nor any other action taken pursuant to the Plan shall confer upon any person any right to continued employment by or service with the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time without liability hereunder. For purposes of this Agreement, references to employment with the Company shall include employment or service with any Subsidiary of the Company.
- 11. <u>AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION</u>. The Board may amend the Plan as it shall deem advisable, subject to any requirement of stockholder approval required by applicable law, rule or regulation, including Section 162(m) of the Code and any rule of the New York Stock Exchange, or any other stock exchange on which shares of Common Stock are traded; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no amendment may impair the rights of the Participant without the consent of the Participant.
- 12. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. To the extent not otherwise governed by the Code or the laws of the United States, this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws.
- 13. <u>COUNTERPARTS</u>. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

- 14. <u>DEFINED TERMS</u>. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
- (a) "Cause" shall mean as determined by the Company, (i) the willful failure by the Participant to substantially perform his or her duties with the Company (other than any such failure resulting from the Participant's incapacity due to physical or mental illness); (ii) the Participant's willful misconduct that is demonstrably and materially injurious to the Company, monetarily or otherwise; (iii) the Participant's commission of such acts of dishonesty, fraud, misrepresentation or other acts of moral turpitude as would prevent the effective performance of the Participant's duties; or (iv) the Participant's conviction or plea of no contest to a felony or a crime of moral turpitude.
- (b) "Disability" shall mean that the Participant, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, is receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under a long-term disability plan maintained by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries.
- (c) The Participant shall have "Good Reason" to effect a voluntary termination of his or her employment in the event that the Company (i) breaches its obligations to pay any salary, benefit or bonus due to him or her, including its obligations under this Agreement, (ii) requires the Participant to relocate more than 50 miles from the Participant's current, principal place of employment, (iii) assigns to the Participant any duties inconsistent with the Participant's position with the Company or significantly and adversely alters the nature or status of the Participant's responsibilities or the conditions of the Participant's employment, or (iv) reduces the Participant's base salary and/or bonus opportunity, except for across-the-board reductions similarly affecting all similarly situated employees of the Company and all similarly situated employees of any corporation or other entity which is in control of the Company; and in the event of any of (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv), the Participant has given written notice to the Committee or the Board of Directors as to the details of the basis for such Good Reason within thirty (30) days following the date on which the Participant alleges the event giving rise to such Good Reason occurred, the Company has failed to provide a reasonable cure within thirty (30) days after its receipt of such notice and the effective date of the termination for Good Reason occurs within 90 days after the initial existence of the facts or circumstances constituting Good Reason.

	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Restricted Stock Award Agreement on the day and year first about	ove
written		

COMPANY:
DINEEQUITY, INC.
By: Julia A. Stewart Chairman and CEO
PARTICIPANT:
[Name]
Address
City/State/Zip

DINEEQUITY, INC.

Computation of Debt Service Coverage Ratio for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015 and Leverage Ratio as of September 30, 2015.

(In thousands, except ratios)

Leverage Ratio Calculation:	
Indebtedness, net (1)	\$ 1,315,806
Covenant Adjusted EBITDA(1)	277,451
Leverage Ratio	4.74
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) Calculation:	
Net Cash Flow (1)	\$ 295,808
Debt Service (1)	 56,739

⁽¹⁾ Definitions of all components used in calculating the above ratios are found in the Base Indenture and the related Series 2014-1 Supplement to the Base Indenture, dated September 30, 2014, filed as Exhibits 4.1 and 4.2, respectively, to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 3, 2014.

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended

I, Julia A. Stewart, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 29, 2015 /s/ Julia A. Stewart

Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended

I, Thomas W. Emrey, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 29, 2015 /s/ Thomas W. Emrey

Thomas W. Emrey *Chief Financial Officer* (Principal Financial Officer)

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 29, 2015 (the "Report"), Julia A. Stewart, as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of her knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: October 29, 2015 /s/ Julia A. Stewart

Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act except to the extent the Company expressly and specifically incorporates it by reference in such filing.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 29, 2015 (the "Report"), Thomas W. Emrey, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: October 29, 2015 /s/ Thomas W. Emrey

Thomas W. Emrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act except to the extent the Company expressly and specifically incorporates it by reference in such filing.