UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-	-Q
(Mark One) ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934 For the quarterly period ender OR OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 O 1934	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the transition period from	to
Commission File Number	001-15283
Applebee's DineEquity, (Exact name of registrant as speci	
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	95-3038279 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
450 North Brand Boulevard, Glendale, California (Address of principal executive offices)	91203-1903 (Zip Code)
(818) 240-6055 (Registrant's telephone number, in	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was requirequirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and porequired to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\S 232.405 period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accele definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting comp	erated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See eany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
Large accelerated filer ⊠	Accelerated filer □
Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company □
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	lle 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 区
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common	n stock, as of the latest practicable date.
	0
Class	Outstanding as of July 24, 2015

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Index

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Assets		June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
		(Unaudited)			
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	104,383	\$	104,004	
Receivables, net		107,807		153,498	
Restricted cash		41,255		52,262	
Prepaid gift card costs		41,559		51,268	
Prepaid income taxes		1,278		11,753	
Deferred income taxes		38,465		30,860	
Other current assets		12,835		9,239	
Total current assets		347,582		412,884	
Long-term receivables, net		170,368		180,856	
Property and equipment, net		231,124		241,229	
Goodwill		697,470		697,470	
Other intangible assets, net		777,425		782,336	
Deferred rent receivable		90,917		91,117	
Other non-current assets, net		40,972		42,216	
Total assets	\$	2,355,858	\$	2,448,108	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u> </u>				
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	39,162	\$	41,771	
Gift card liability		116,865		179,760	
Accrued advertising		13,374		10,150	
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		14,932		25,722	
Dividends payable		16,546		16,635	
Accrued interest payable		3,886		14,126	
Current maturities of capital lease and financing obligations		15,291		14,852	
Other accrued expenses		15,566		10,033	
Total current liabilities		235,622		313,049	
Long-term debt		1,300,000		1,300,000	
Capital lease obligations, less current maturities		91,505		98,119	
Financing obligations, less current maturities		42,461		42,524	
Deferred income taxes		309,159		319,111	
Deferred rent payable		74,874		75,375	
Other non-current liabilities		21,365		20,857	
Total liabilities		2,074,986		2,169,035	
Commitments and contingencies		2,074,980		2,109,033	
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, shares: 40,000,000 authorized; June 30, 2015 - 25,212,715 issued, 18,873,985 outstanding; December 31, 2014 - 25,240,055 issued, 18,953,567 outstanding		252		252	
Additional paid-in-capital		284,055		279,946	
Retained earnings		335,750		313,644	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(85)		(73)	
Treasury stock, at cost; shares: June 30, 2015 - 6,338,730; December 31, 2014 - 6,286,488	_	(339,100)		(314,696)	
Total stockholders' equity		280,872		279,073	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,355,858	\$	2,448,108	
	_				

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,						
		2015	e 30,	2014		2015	16 30,	2014				
Revenues:		2013	_	2014		2013		2014				
Franchise and restaurant revenues	\$	137,768	\$	126,444	\$	279,586	\$	258,239				
Rental revenues		31,132		30,709		62,534		61,462				
Financing revenues		2,649		3,368		5,243		8,021				
Total revenues		171,549		160,521		347,363		327,722				
Cost of revenues:												
Franchise and restaurant expenses		51,423		42,155		103,449		87,833				
Rental expenses		23,319		23,653		46,809		47,519				
Financing expenses		_		240		12		825				
Total cost of revenues		74,742		66,048		150,270		136,177				
Gross profit		96,807		94,473		197,093		191,545				
General and administrative expenses		34,577		34,816		68,807		69,001				
Interest expense		15,677		24,942		31,323		49,911				
Amortization of intangible assets		2,500		3,070		5,000		6,141				
Closure and impairment charges, net		475		637		2,302		837				
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		6		_		12				
Loss (gain) on disposition of assets		66		(130)		57		797				
Income before income tax provision		43,512		31,132		89,604		64,846				
Income tax provision		(16,615)		(11,965)		(34,295)		(24,855)				
Net income		26,897		19,167		55,309		39,991				
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:												
Adjustment to unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments		_		107		_		107				
Foreign currency translation adjustment		3		7		(12)		1				
Total comprehensive income	\$	26,900	\$	19,281	\$	55,297	\$	40,099				
Net income available to common stockholders:												
Net income	\$	26,897	\$	19,167	\$	55,309	\$	39,991				
Less: Net income allocated to unvested participating restricted stock		(359)		(307)		(726)		(649)				
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	26,538	\$	18,860	\$	54,583	\$	39,342				
Net income available to common stockholders per share:												
Basic	\$	1.41	\$	1.00	\$	2.90	\$	2.09				
Diluted	\$	1.40	\$	1.00	\$	2.88	\$	2.07				
Weighted average shares outstanding:							-					
Basic		18,763		18,776		18,819		18,785				
Diluted	_	18,895		18,955		18,959		19,003				
		,	_	7	_	-,	_	,				
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.875	\$	0.75	\$	1.75	\$	1.50				
Dividends paid per common share	\$	0.875	\$	0.75	\$	1.75	\$	1.50				

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DineEquity, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

		Six Mon	ths Er	ıded		
		June 30,				
		2015				
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	55,309	\$	39,991		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		15,855		17,498		
Non-cash interest expense		1,519		3,315		
Deferred income taxes		(16,768)		(16,047)		
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense		4,593		5,508		
Tax benefit from stock-based compensation		4,688		3,578		
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		(4,572)		(4,455)		
Closure and impairment charges		2,302		837		
Loss on disposition of assets		57		797		
Other		(1,534)		(1,704)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable, net		(11,249)		(4,949)		
Current income tax receivables and payables		9,717		16,004		
Gift card receivables and payables		(3,256)		(4,165)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,299)		(1,608)		
Accounts payable		6,024		10,103		
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		(10,790)		(10,552)		
Other current liabilities		(1,473)		1,841		
Cash flows provided by operating activities		48,123		55,992		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Additions to property and equipment		(4,612)		(4,086)		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		800		681		
Principal receipts from notes, equipment contracts and other long-term receivables		9,517		6,066		
Other		(110)		75		
Cash flows provided by investing activities		5,595		2,736		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Repayment of long-term debt		_		(2,400)		
Principal payments on capital lease and financing obligations		(5,975)		(5,570)		
Repurchase of DineEquity common stock		(35,007)		(30,006)		
Dividends paid on common stock		(33,271)		(28,518)		
Tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting		(3,010)		(1,944)		
Proceeds from stock options exercised		8,374		6,658		
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		4,572		4,455		
Change in restricted cash		11,007		(7,064)		
Other		(29)		_		
Cash flows used in financing activities		(53,339)		(64,389)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		379		(5,661)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		104,004		106,011		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	104,383	\$	100,350		
Supplemental disclosures:	_					
Interest paid in cash	\$	46,419	\$	53,767		
Income taxes paid in cash	\$	36,968	\$	22,169		
·				,		

See the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. General

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the twelve months ending December 31, 2015.

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

2. Basis of Presentation

The Company's fiscal quarters end on the Sunday closest to the last day of each quarter. For convenience, the fiscal quarters of each year are referred to as ending on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31. The first quarter of fiscal 2015 began on December 29, 2014 and ended on March 29, 2015; the second quarter of fiscal 2015 ended on June 28, 2015. The first quarter of fiscal 2014 began on December 30, 2013 and ended on March 30, 2014; the second quarter of fiscal 2014 ended on June 29, 2014.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries that are consolidated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in the calculation and assessment of reported or disclosed amounts include: (a) impairment of tangible and intangible assets, (b) income taxes, (c) allowance for doubtful accounts and notes receivables, (d) lease accounting estimates, (e) stock-based compensation and (f) contingencies. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Accounting Policies

Accounting Standards Adopted in the Current Fiscal Year

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the guidance on the reporting of discontinued operations. The amendment changed the criteria for the reporting of discontinued operations such that only disposals resulting in a strategic shift that will have a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results will be reported as discontinued operations. The amendment also removed the requirement that an entity not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after disposal to qualify for reporting of the disposal as a discontinued operation. The Company adopted the amendment as of January 1, 2015 and adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Newly Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on revenue recognition, which provides for a single five-step model to be applied to all revenue contracts with customers. The new standard also requires additional financial statement disclosures that will enable users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows relating to customer contracts. Companies have an option to use either a retrospective approach or cumulative effect adjustment approach to implement the standard. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of the new guidance by one year such that the Company will be required to adopt the guidance beginning with its first fiscal quarter of 2018.

3. Accounting Policies (Continued)

This amendment supersedes nearly all of the existing general revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP as well as most industry-specific revenue recognition guidance, including guidance with respect to revenue recognition by franchisors. The Company believes the recognition of the majority of its revenues, including franchise royalty revenues, sales of IHOP pancake and waffle dry mix and retail sales at company-operated restaurants will not be affected by the new guidance. Additionally, lease rental revenues are not within the scope of the new guidance. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on its financial statements and related disclosures and which method of adoption will be used.

In April 2015, the FASB issued an amendment that modifies the presentation of debt issuance costs. The amendment requires debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct reduction of the related debt liability rather than as an asset. The amendment is effective commencing with the Company's first fiscal quarter of 2016 and is required to be applied on a retrospective basis. As the amendment does not change the underlying accounting for debt issuance costs, adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company reviewed all other newly issued accounting pronouncements and concluded that they either are not applicable to the Company or are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of future adoption.

4. Stockholders' Equity

Dividends

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company paid dividends on common stock of \$33.3 million, representing the dividends declared in the fourth quarter of 2014 and first quarter of 2015. On May 19, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors declared a second quarter 2015 cash dividend of \$0.875 per share of common stock. This dividend was paid on July 10, 2015 to the Company's stockholders of record at the close of business on June 12, 2015. The Company reported a payable for this dividend of \$16.5 million at June 30, 2015.

Stock Repurchase Program

In October 2014, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase authorization of up to \$100 million of DineEquity common stock. Under this program, the Company may repurchase shares on an opportunistic basis from time to time in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The repurchase program does not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and may be terminated at any time. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 344,890 shares of common stock at a cost of \$35.0 million. As of June 30, 2015, the Company has repurchased a cumulative total of 365,225 shares of common stock under the current Board authorization at a total cost of \$37.0 million. The Company may repurchase up to an additional \$63.0 million of common stock under the current Board authorization.

Treasury Stock

Repurchases of DineEquity common stock are included in treasury stock at the cost of shares repurchased plus any transaction costs. Treasury stock may be re-issued when stock options are exercised, when restricted stock awards are granted and when restricted stock units settle in stock upon vesting. The cost of treasury stock re-issued is determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company re-issued 292,648 treasury shares at a total FIFO cost of \$10.6 million.

5. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate was 38.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

The total gross unrecognized tax benefit as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, excluding interest, penalties and related tax benefits. The Company estimates the unrecognized tax benefit may decrease over the upcoming 12 months by an amount up to \$0.7 million related to settlements with taxing authorities and the lapse of statutes of limitations. For the remaining liability, due to the uncertainties related to these tax matters, the Company is unable to make a reasonably reliable estimate when cash settlement with a taxing authority will occur.

As of June 30, 2015, accrued interest was \$4.3 million and accrued penalties were less than \$0.1 million, excluding any related income tax benefits. As of December 31, 2014, accrued interest was \$3.9 million and accrued penalties were less than \$0.1 million, excluding any related income tax benefits. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties as a component of its income tax provision recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The Company files federal income tax returns and the Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in various state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to federal, state or non-United States tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2008. In the second quarter of 2013, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") issued a Revenue Agent's Report related to its examination of the Company's U.S federal income tax return for each of the tax years 2008 to 2010. The Company disagrees with a portion of the proposed assessments and has contested them through the IRS administrative appeals procedures. The appeal process is ongoing. The Company continues to believe that adequate reserves have been provided relating to all matters contained in the tax periods open to examination.

6. Stock-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes the components of stock-based compensation expense included in general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

		Three Mon	ths E	Inded		ded		
		Jun	e 30,					
	2015 2014					2015	2014	
				(In m	illions)		
Total stock-based compensation expense:								
Equity classified awards expense	\$	2.2	\$	2.4	\$	4.6	\$	5.5
Liability classified awards (credit) expense		(1.1)		0.6		(0.8)		0.5
Total pre-tax stock-based compensation expense		1.1		3.0		3.8		6.0
Book income tax benefit		(0.4)		(1.1)		(1.4)		(2.3)
Total stock-based compensation expense, net of tax	\$	0.7	\$	1.9	\$	2.4	\$	3.7

As of June 30, 2015, total unrecognized compensation costs of \$16.0 million related to restricted stock and restricted stock units and \$5.2 million related to stock options are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.85 years for restricted stock and restricted stock units and 1.67 years for stock options.

Equity Classified Awards - Stock Options

The estimated fair value of the stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was calculated using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The following summarizes the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model:

Risk-free interest rate	1.54%
Weighted average historical volatility	36.8%
Dividend yield	3.17%
Expected years until exercise	4.5
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$27.20

6. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

Stock option balances as of June 30, 2015 and related activity for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in Millions)
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	618,115	\$	53.10		
Granted	133,814		111.54		
Exercised	(197,591)		42.38		
Forfeited	(14,348)		96.83		
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	539,990		70.35	7.4	\$17.1
Vested at June 30, 2015 and Expected to Vest	507,678		68.37	7.2	\$16.9
Exercisable at June 30, 2015	324,927	\$	51.87	6.2	\$15.3

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the closing stock price of the Company's common stock on the last trading day of the second quarter of 2015 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on June 30, 2015. The aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock and the number of in-the-money options.

Equity Classified Awards - Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units

Outstanding balances as of June 30, 2015 and activity related to restricted stock and restricted stock units for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Restricted Stock	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Restricted Stock Units	(Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	233,818	\$ 70.14	41,622	\$	66.92
Granted	95,057	108.02	9,985		113.72
Released	(63,414)	52.93	(16,567)		52.19
Forfeited	(15,232)	79.83	(72)		113.72
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	250,229	\$ 88.30	34,968	\$	86.49

Liability Classified Awards - Long-Term Incentive Awards

The Company has granted cash long-term incentive awards ("LTIP awards") to certain employees. Annual LTIP awards vest over a three-year period and are determined using a multiplier from 0% to 200% of the target award based on the total shareholder return of DineEquity, Inc. common stock compared to the total stockholder returns of a peer group of companies. Although LTIP awards are both denominated and paid only in cash, because the multiplier is based on the price of the Company's common stock, the awards are considered stock-based compensation in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, a credit of \$1.1 million and an expense of \$0.6 million, respectively, were included in total stock-based compensation expense related to the LTIP awards. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, a credit of \$0.8 million and an expense of \$0.5 million, respectively, were included in total stock-based compensation expense related to the LTIP awards. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, liabilities of \$1.1 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, related to LTIP awards were included as part of accrued employee compensation and benefits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

7. Segments

The Company has two reportable segments: franchise operations (an aggregation of Applebee's and IHOP franchise operations) and rental operations. The Company also has company-operated restaurant operations and financing operations, but neither of these operations exceeded 10% of consolidated revenues, income before income tax provision or total assets.

As of June 30, 2015, the franchise operations segment consisted of (i) 1,993 restaurants operated by Applebee's franchisees in the United States, two U.S. territories and 15 countries outside the United States and (ii) 1,645 restaurants operated by IHOP franchisees and area licensees in the United States, two U.S. territories and eight countries outside the United States. Franchise operations revenue consists primarily of franchise royalty revenues, sales of proprietary products to franchisees (primarily

7. Segments (Continued)

pancake and waffle dry mixes for the IHOP restaurants), IHOP franchise advertising fees and franchise fees. Franchise operations expenses include IHOP advertising expenses, the cost of IHOP proprietary products, IHOP and Applebee's pre-opening training expenses and other franchise-related costs.

Rental operations revenue includes revenue from operating leases and interest income from direct financing leases. Rental operations expenses are costs of operating leases and interest expense from capital leases on franchisee-operated restaurants.

At June 30, 2015, the company restaurant operations segment consisted of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants and 13 IHOP company-operated restaurants, all of which are located in the United States. Company restaurant sales are retail sales at company-operated restaurants. Company restaurant expenses are operating expenses at company-operated restaurants and include food, labor, utilities, rent and other restaurant operating costs.

Financing operations revenue primarily consists of interest income from the financing of franchise fees and equipment leases and sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants. Financing expenses are primarily the cost of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

Information on segments and a reconciliation to income before income tax provision for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

ionows.											
	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended					
		Jun	e 30,		Jur	ie 30,					
		2015		2014		2015		2014			
			illions	s)							
Revenues from external customers:											
Franchise operations	\$	120.3	\$	110.7	\$	244.8	\$	226.3			
Rental operations		31.1		30.7		62.5		61.4			
Company restaurants		17.4		15.7		34.8		32.0			
Financing operations		2.7		3.4		5.3		8.0			
Total	\$	171.5	\$	160.5	\$	347.4	\$	327.7			
Interest expense:											
Rental operations	\$	3.4	\$	3.7	\$	6.9	\$	7.6			
Company restaurants		0.1		0.1		0.2		0.2			
Corporate		15.7		24.9		31.3		49.9			
Total	\$	19.2	\$	28.7	\$	38.4	\$	57.7			
Depreciation and amortization:											
Franchise operations	\$	2.6	\$	2.6	\$	5.2	\$	5.2			
Rental operations		3.2		3.3		6.4		6.7			
Company restaurants		0.2		0.5		0.4		1.0			
Corporate		2.1		2.3		3.9		4.6			
Total	\$	8.1	\$	8.7	\$	15.9	\$	17.5			
Income before income tax provision:											
Franchise operations	\$	86.2	\$	84.2	\$	175.2	\$	170.3			
Rental operations		7.8		7.1		15.7		13.9			
Company restaurants		0.1		0.1		0.9		0.2			
Financing operations		2.7		3.1		5.3		7.2			
Corporate		(53.3)		(63.4)		(107.5)		(126.8)			
Total	\$	43.5	\$	31.1	\$	89.6	\$	64.8			

8. Net Income per Share

The computation of the Company's basic and diluted net income per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

		Three Mon	nths E		nded				
	June 30,					June 30,			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
			(In th	ousands, exc	ept pe	er share data)			
Numerator for basic and dilutive income per common share:									
Net income	\$	26,897	\$	19,167	\$	55,309	\$	39,991	
Less: Net income allocated to unvested participating restricted stock	<u> </u>	(359)		(307)		(726)		(649)	
Net income available to common stockholders - basic		26,538		18,860		54,583		39,342	
Effect of unvested participating restricted stock in two-class calculation		1		1		2		2	
Net income available to common stockholders - diluted	\$	26,539	\$	18,861	\$	54,585	\$	39,344	
Denominator:									
Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock - basic		18,763		18,776		18,819		18,785	
Dilutive effect of stock options		132		179		140		218	
Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock - diluted		18,895		18,955		18,959		19,003	
Net income per common share:									
Basic	\$	1.41	\$	1.00	\$	2.90	\$	2.09	
Diluted	\$	1.40	\$	1.00	\$	2.88	\$	2.07	
Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock - basic Dilutive effect of stock options Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock - diluted Net income per common share: Basic	\$ \$	132 18,895	\$ \$	179 18,955 1.00	\$ \$	140 18,959 2.90	\$ \$	218 19,003 2.09	

9. Fair Value Measurements

The Company does not have a material amount of financial assets or liabilities that are required under U.S. GAAP to be measured on a recurring basis at fair value. The Company is not a party to any derivative financial instruments. The Company does not have a material amount of non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities that are required under U.S. GAAP to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company has not elected to use the fair value measurement option, as permitted under U.S. GAAP, for any assets or liabilities for which fair value measurement is not presently required.

The Company believes the fair values of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their short duration.

The fair values of the Company's Series 2014-1 Class A Notes at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	June 30, 2015					Decembe	r 31,	2014	
		Carrying Amount Fair Value				Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
				(In m	illions)	1			
Long-term debt	\$	1,300.0	\$	1,317.1	\$	1,300.0	\$	1,302.0	

The fair values were determined based on Level 2 inputs, including information gathered from brokers who trade in the Company's notes and information on notes that are similar to that of the Company.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation, Claims and Disputes

The Company is subject to various lawsuits, administrative proceedings, audits and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Some of these lawsuits purport to be class actions and/or seek substantial damages. The Company is required under U.S. GAAP to record an accrual for litigation loss contingencies that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Legal fees and expenses associated with the defense of all of the Company's litigation are expensed as such fees and expenses are incurred. Management regularly assesses the Company's insurance coverage, analyzes litigation information with the Company's attorneys and evaluates the Company's loss experience in connection with pending legal proceedings. While the Company does not presently believe that any of the legal proceedings to which it is currently a party will ultimately have a material adverse impact on the Company, there can be no assurance that the Company will prevail in all the proceedings the Company is party to, or that the Company will not incur material losses from them.

Lease Guarantees

In connection with the sale of Applebee's restaurants or previous brands to franchisees and other parties, the Company has, in certain cases, guaranteed or has potential continuing liability for lease payments totaling \$368.1 million as of June 30, 2015. This amount represents the maximum potential liability for future payments under these leases. These leases have been assigned to the buyers and expire at the end of the respective lease terms, which range from 2015 through 2048. In the event of default, the indemnity and default clauses in the sale or assignment agreements govern the Company's ability to pursue and recover damages incurred. No lease payment guarantee liabilities have been recorded as of June 30, 2015.

11. Subsequent Event

On July 23, 2015, the Company completed the previously announced refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants located in a two-state market area geographically centered around Kansas City, Missouri. The Company received proceeds of approximately \$9 million and expects to recognize a gain of approximately \$2 million on the transaction.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this report may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied in such statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "intend," "plan" and other similar expressions. You should consider our forward-looking statements in light of the risks discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as our consolidated financial statements, related notes, and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this report and our other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements contained in this report are made as of the date hereof and the Company assumes no obligation to update or supplement any forward-looking statements.

You should read the following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this report.

Overview

The following discussion and analysis provides information we believe is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Except where the context indicates otherwise, the words "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to DineEquity, Inc., together with its subsidiaries that are consolidated in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP").

Through various subsidiaries, we own, franchise and operate two restaurant concepts: Applebee's Neighborhood Grill & Bar® ("Applebee's®"), in the bar and grill segment within the casual dining category of the restaurant industry, and International House of Pancakes® ("HOP®"), in the family dining category of the restaurant industry. References herein to Applebee's and IHOP restaurants are to these two restaurant concepts, whether operated by franchisees, area licensees or by us. With over 3,600 restaurants combined, 99% of which are franchised, we believe we are one of the largest full-service restaurant companies in the world. The June 15, 2015 issue of *Nation's Restaurant News* recently reported that IHOP and Applebee's were the largest restaurants in their respective categories in terms of United States system-wide sales during 2014. This marks the eighth consecutive year our two brands have achieved the number one ranking.

Summary Results of Operations

	Three Months Ended June 30,			_	avorable favorable)		Six Mon Jun	_	avorable favorable)		
	 2015		2014	Variance		2015		2014		,	ariance
			(In	milli	ns, except p	er sh	are inform	atio	n)		
Revenue	\$ 171.5	\$	160.5	\$	11.0	\$	347.4	\$	327.7	\$	19.7
Gross profit	\$ 96.8	\$	94.5	\$	2.3	\$	197.1	\$	191.6	\$	5.5
General and administrative expenses	34.6		34.8		0.2		68.8		69.0		0.2
Interest expense	15.7		24.9		9.2		31.3		49.9		18.6
Other expenses, net (1)	3.0		3.6		0.6		7.4		7.8		0.4
Income tax provision	16.6		12.0		(4.6)		34.3		24.9		(9.4)
Net income	\$ 26.9	\$	19.2	\$	7.7	\$	55.3	\$	40.0	\$	15.3
Net income per diluted share	\$ 1.40	\$	1.00	\$	0.40	\$	2.88	\$	2.07	\$	0.81

⁽¹⁾ Amortization of intangible assets, closure and impairment charges, loss on extinguishment of debt and gain or loss on disposition of assets.

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 increased 40.3% and 38.3%, respectively, compared with the same periods of the prior year. In each case, the improvement was due to (i) significantly lower interest expense resulting from the refinancing of our long-term debt in the fourth quarter of 2014 at a fixed interest rate approximately 3% lower than prior to the refinancing and (ii) revenue and gross profit growth, primarily stemming from an increase in IHOP and Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months.

Key Performance Indicators

In evaluating the performance of each restaurant concept, we consider the key performance indicators to be net franchise restaurant development and the percentage change in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales. Since we are a 99% franchised company, expanding the number of Applebee's and IHOP franchise restaurants is an important driver of revenue growth because we currently do not plan to open any new company-operated restaurants. Further, while refranchising or renewals may result in new rental and financing agreements, we currently do not plan to significantly expand our rental and financing operations, legacies from the IHOP business model we operated under prior to 2003. Growth in both the number of franchise restaurants and sales at those restaurants will drive franchise revenues in the form of higher royalty revenues, additional franchise fees and, in the case of IHOP restaurants, sales of proprietary pancake and waffle dry mix.

An overview of these key performance indicators for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Month	s Ended	
	June 30	, 2015	June 30	, 2015	
	Applebee's	IHOP	Applebee's	IHOP	
Percentage increase in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales	1.0%	6.2%	2.0%	5.5%	
Net franchise restaurant (reduction) development (1)	2	8	(1)	8	

⁽¹⁾ Franchise and area license openings, net of closings

The 6.2% increase in IHOP domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was the ninth consecutive quarter of positive same-restaurant sales for IHOP and was the largest quarterly increase since the first quarter of 2004. Coupled with an increase of 4.8% in the first quarter of 2015, IHOP domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 5.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increases for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 resulted from a higher average customer check and an increase in customer traffic. According to industry data, IHOP has outperformed the overall restaurant industry as well as the family dining segment in domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales in the first half of 2015. Based on data from Black Box Intelligence, a restaurant sales reporting firm ("Black Box"), during the six months ended June 30, 2015, both the family dining segment and the overall restaurant industry experienced an increase in average customer check that was partially offset by a decrease in customer traffic.

The 1.0% increase in Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was the fifth consecutive quarter of positive same-restaurant sales for Applebee's. This represents a decline from the 2.9% increase in the first quarter of 2015, and as a result, for the six months ended June 30, 2015, Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 2.0%. The increases for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 were due to a higher average customer check partially offset by a decline in customer traffic. Based on data from Black Box, Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales performance during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was slightly lower than that of the casual dining segment, which experienced a larger increase in average customer check that was partially offset by a similar decrease in customer traffic.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, Applebee's franchisees opened 14 new restaurants and closed 15 restaurants, resulting in a net decrease of one Applebee's franchise restaurant for the first half of 2015. IHOP franchisees opened 18 new restaurants and closed 10 restaurants, resulting in net IHOP franchise restaurant development of eight restaurants during 2015 to date. Typically, the majority of gross and net franchise restaurant development for each brand takes place in the second half of any given year.

Franchise restaurant closures take place each year for a variety of reasons. The number of Applebee's and IHOP restaurants that were closed during the first six months of 2015 is slightly less than the number that were closed during the first six months of 2014, but that is not considered to be indicative of any trend.

In 2015, we expect IHOP franchisees to open between 50 to 60 new restaurants and Applebee's franchisees to open between 30 to 40 new restaurants. The majority of openings for each brand is expected to be in domestic markets. The actual number of openings in 2015 may differ from both our expectations and development commitments. Historically, the actual number of restaurants developed in a particular year has been less than the total number committed to be developed due to various factors, including economic conditions and franchisee noncompliance with restaurant opening commitments in development agreements. The timing of new restaurant openings also may be affected by various factors including weather-related and other construction delays, difficulties in obtaining timely regulatory approvals and the impact of currency fluctuations on our international franchisees.

Additional detail on each of these key performance indicators is presented under the captions "Restaurant Development Activity" and "Restaurant Data" that follow

In evaluating the performance of the consolidated enterprise, we consider the key performance indicators to be cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow (cash from operations, plus net receipts from notes and equipment contract receivables, less capital expenditures).

Our cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Six Mon	ths En	ıded		
	Jun	e 30,		Ir	icrease
	 2015		2014	(D	ecrease)
	 (In millions)				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 48.1	\$	56.0	\$	(7.9)
Free cash flow	\$ 49.7	\$	54.6	\$	(4.9)

The decrease in cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow was primarily due to the impact on working capital of the timing of income tax and interest payments, partially offset by an increase in net income. Additional detail is presented under the caption "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Restaurant Development Activity

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June	30,	June	30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		(Unaud	lited)	_		
Applebee's Restaurant Development Activity						
Summary - beginning of period:						
Franchise	1,991	1,988	1,994	1,988		
Company restaurants	23	23	23	23		
Total Applebee's restaurants, beginning of period	2,014	2,011	2,017	2,011		
Franchise restaurants opened:		_				
Domestic	6	5	10	13		
International	2	1	4	1		
Total franchise restaurants opened	8	6	14	14		
Franchise restaurants closed:		_				
Domestic	(4)	(5)	(8)	(10)		
International	(2)	(3)	(7)	(6)		
Total franchise restaurants closed	(6)	(8)	(15)	(16)		
Net franchise restaurant development (reduction)	2	(2)	(1)	(2)		
Summary - end of period:						
Franchise	1,993	1,986	1,993	1,986		
Company restaurants (1)	23	23	23	23		
Total Applebee's restaurants, end of period	2,016	2,009	2,016	2,009		

⁽¹⁾ On July 23, 2015, we completed the previously announced refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of the Applebee's company-operated restaurants.

	Three Montl		Six Months	
_	June 3	30,	June	30,
_	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(Unaudit	ed)	
IHOP Restaurant Development Activity				
Summary - beginning of period:				
Franchise	1,470	1,449	1,472	1,439
Area license	167	168	167	168
Company	13	10	11	13
Total IHOP restaurants, beginning of period	1,650	1,627	1,650	1,620
Franchise/area license restaurants opened:				
Domestic franchise	7	7	13	10
Domestic area license	1	1	2	:
International franchise	3	5	3	
Total franchise/area license restaurants opened	11	13	18	2
Franchise/area license restaurants closed:				
Domestic franchise	(1)	(6)	(7)	(1
Domestic area license	(2)	(2)	(3)	(
International franchise	_	_	_	(
International area license	_	_	_	(
Total franchise/area license restaurants closed	(3)	(8)	(10)	(1
Net franchise/area license restaurant development	8	5	8	1
Refranchised from Company restaurants		1	1	
Franchise restaurants reacquired by the				
Company		(1)	(3)	(
Net franchise/area license restaurant additions	8	5	6	1:
Summary - end of period:				
Franchise	1,479	1,455	1,479	1,45
Area license	166	167	166	16
Company	13	10	13	10
Total IHOP restaurants, end of period	1,658	1,632	1,658	1,63

Restaurant Data

The following table sets forth the number of "Effective Restaurants" in the Applebee's and IHOP systems and information regarding the percentage change in sales at those restaurants compared to the same periods in the prior year. Sales at restaurants that are owned by franchisees and area licensees are not attributable to the Company. However, we believe that presentation of this information is useful in analyzing our revenues because franchisees and area licensees pay us royalties and advertising fees that are generally based on a percentage of their sales, and, where applicable, rental payments under leases that partially may be based on a percentage of their sales. Management also uses this information to make decisions about future plans for the development of additional restaurants as well as evaluation of current operations.

	Three Moi Jun	iths Ei e 30,	nded		Six Mon Jun	ths En ie 30,	ded
	2015	-	2014		2015		2014
			(Una	udited)			
Applebee's Restaurant Data							
Effective Restaurants(a)							
Franchise	1,990		1,985		1,991		1,985
Company	 23		23		23		23
Total	 2,013		2,008		2,014		2,008
System-wide ^(b)							
Sales percentage change(c)	2.0%		0.6%		2.9%		(0.1)%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage $change^{(d)}$	1.0%		0.6%		2.0%		0.0 %
Franchise ^(b)							
Sales percentage change(c)	2.0%		0.6%		2.9%		(0.1)%
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change(d)	1.0%		0.6%		2.0%		0.1 %
Average weekly domestic unit sales (in thousands)	\$ 48.9	\$	48.2	\$	50.0	\$	48.8
IHOP Restaurant Data Effective Restaurants ^(a)							
Franchise	1,471		1,448		1,471		1,444
Area license	167		167		167		167
Company	 13		10		13		11
Total	 1,651		1,625		1,651		1,622
System-wide ^(b)							
Sales percentage change(c)	7.1%		6.0%		6.6%		6.2 %
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change ^(d)	6.2%		3.2%		5.5%		3.6 %
Franchise ^(b)							
Sales percentage change(c)	6.8%		6.1%		6.4%		6.3 %
Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change(d)	6.2%		3.2%		5.5%		3.6 %
Average weekly domestic unit sales (in thousands)	\$ 37.4	\$	35.6	\$	37.6	\$	36.4
Area License ^(b)							

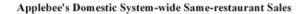
- (a) "Effective Restaurants" are the weighted average number of restaurants open in a given fiscal period, adjusted to account for restaurants open for only a portion of the period. Information is presented for all Effective Restaurants in the Applebee's and IHOP systems, which includes restaurants owned by franchisees and area licensees as well as those owned by the Company.
- (b) "System-wide sales" are retail sales at Applebee's restaurants operated by franchisees and IHOP restaurants operated by franchisees and area licensees, as reported to the Company, in addition to retail sales at company-operated restaurants. Sales at restaurants that are owned by franchisees and area licensees are not attributable to the Company. Unaudited reported sales for Applebee's domestic franchise restaurants, IHOP franchise restaurants and IHOP area license restaurants were as follows:

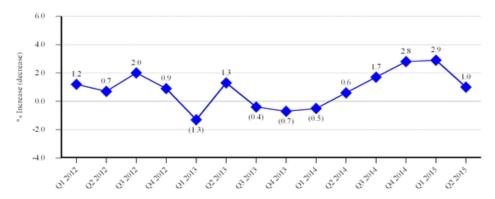
		Three Mo	nths	Ended	Six Months Ended					
		Jun	e 30	,		Jun	ne 30,			
		2015		2014		2015		2014		
Reported sales (unaudited)	(In millions)					ıs)				
Applebee's domestic franchise restaurant sales	\$	1,174.6	\$	1,150.7	\$	2,400.6	\$	2,333.8		
IHOP franchise restaurant sales	\$	715.1	\$	669.5	\$	1,436.4	\$	1,349.8		
IHOP area license restaurant sales	\$	69.8	\$	64.8	\$	144.8	\$	134.9		

- (c) "Sales percentage change" reflects, for each category of restaurants, the percentage change in sales in any given fiscal period compared to the prior fiscal period for all restaurants in that category.
- (d) "Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change" reflects the percentage change in sales in any given fiscal period, compared to the same weeks in the prior fiscal period, for domestic restaurants that have been operated throughout both fiscal periods that are being compared and have been open for at least 18 months. Because of new unit openings and restaurant closures, the domestic restaurants open throughout both fiscal periods being compared may be different from period to period. Domestic same-restaurant sales percentage change does not include data on IHOP area license restaurants.

Significant Known Events, Trends or Uncertainties Impacting or Expected to Impact Comparisons of Reported or Future Results

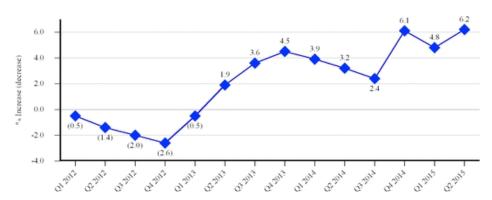
Same-restaurant Sales Trends





Applebee's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 1.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 from the same period in 2014. This marks the fifth consecutive quarter of positive same-restaurant sales. The increase resulted from a higher average customer check partially offset by a decline in customer traffic. Same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results expected for the full year.

IHOP Domestic System-wide Same-restaurant Sales



IHOP's domestic system-wide same-restaurant sales increased 6.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 from the same period in 2014. The increase resulted from a higher average customer check and an increase in customer traffic, which increased for the fourth consecutive quarter. The increased annual contribution percentage of restaurant gross sales to the IHOP National Advertising Fund by a large majority of IHOP franchisees continues to have a positive impact on sales and traffic. Same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results expected for the full year.

Based on data from Black Box, during the six months ended June 30, 2015, customer traffic declined for the overall restaurant industry as well as for both the casual dining and family dining segments of the restaurant industry. During the second quarter of 2015, we experienced an increase in IHOP customer traffic and a decline in Applebee's customer traffic. In the short term, a decline in customer traffic may be offset by an increase in average customer check resulting from an increase in menu prices, a favorable change in product sales mix, or a combination thereof. A sustained decline in same-restaurant customer traffic that cannot be offset by an increase in average customer check could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We strive to identify and create opportunities for growth in customer traffic and frequency, average check and same-restaurant sales. We focus on building our brands with a long-term view through a strategic combination of menu, media, remodel and development initiatives to continually innovate and evolve both brands. To drive each brand forward, we seek to innovate and remain actively focused on driving sustainable sales and traffic.

53rd Week in Fiscal 2015

We have a 52/53 week fiscal year that ends on the Sunday nearest to December 31 of each year. In a 52-week fiscal year, each fiscal quarter contains 13 weeks, comprised of two, four-week fiscal months followed by a five-week fiscal month. In a 53-week fiscal year, the last month of the fourth fiscal quarter contains six weeks. Our fiscal 2015, which began on December 29, 2014, will end on January 3, 2016 and will contain 53 weeks.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Comparison of the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

REVENUE	Three Months Ended June 30,				'avorable 1favorable)		Six Mon Jun	ths E e 30,			ivorable favorable)
	 2015	2014		,		2015		2014		•	ariance
					(In m	illion	s)				
Franchise operations	\$ 120.3	\$	110.7	\$	9.6	\$	244.8	\$	226.3	\$	18.5
Rental operations	31.1		30.7		0.4		62.5		61.4		1.1
Company restaurant operations	17.4		15.7		1.7		34.8		32.0		2.8
Financing operations	2.7		3.4		(0.7)		5.3		8.0		(2.7)
Total revenue	\$ 171.5	\$	160.5	\$	11.0	\$	347.4	\$	327.7	\$	19.7
Change vs. prior period	6.9%						6.0%				

The improvement in total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to (i) higher IHOP advertising revenues resulting from an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales, (ii) higher franchise and rental revenues that resulted from a 6.2% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, (iii) a 1.0% increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and (iv) IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months. These favorable items were partially offset by the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations.

The improvement in total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to (i) higher IHOP advertising revenues resulting from an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales, (ii) higher franchise and rental revenues that resulted from a 5.5% increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, (iii) a 2.0% increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and (iv) IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months. These favorable items were partially offset by a decline in financing revenues of \$1.4 million associated with the early termination of two leases in the first quarter of 2014 that did not recur in 2015, as well as the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations.

GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	Three Mo Jun	nths E e 30,	Ended		Favorable (Unfavorable)		Six Mon Jur	Favorable _ (Unfavorable)					
	 2015	2014		2014		Variance		2015		2014		•	Variance
	 (In millions)												
Franchise operations	\$ 86.2	\$	84.2	\$	2.0	\$	175.2	\$	170.3	\$	4.9		
Rental operations	7.8		7.1		0.7		15.7		13.9		1.8		
Company restaurant operations	0.1		0.1		0.0		0.9		0.2		0.7		
Financing operations	2.7		3.1		(0.4)		5.3		7.2		(1.9)		
Total gross profit	\$ 96.8	\$	94.5	\$	2.3	\$	197.1	\$	191.6	\$	5.5		
Change vs. prior period	2.4%						2.9%						

The improvement in total gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily due to higher franchise and rental revenues that resulted from the increase in IHOP domestic same-restaurant sales, IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months and the increase in Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales, partially offset by the expected progressive decline in interest revenue from rental and financing operations. The improvement in total gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the same period of the prior year was due to these same factors, offset in part by the decline in financing revenues of \$1.4 million associated with the early termination of two leases as discussed under "Revenue" above.

FRANCHISE OPERATIONS		Three Mo	nths E	inded	Fa	ivorable	Six Mon Jun	Favorable			
		2015	. 50,	2014	,	favorable) ariance	 2015		2014	J)	nfavorable) Variance
	-				(In m	illions, except					
Effective Franchise Restaurants:(1)											
Applebee's		1,990		1,985		5	1,991		1,985		6
IHOP	<u> </u>	1,638		1,615		23	1,638		1,611		27
Franchise Revenues:	-										
Applebee's	\$	49.9	\$	50.0	\$	(0.1)	\$ 102.3	\$	100.8	\$	1.5
IHOP		44.1		40.0		4.1	89.5		83.6		5.9
IHOP advertising		26.3		20.7		5.6	53.0		41.9		11.1
Total franchise revenues		120.3		110.7		9.6	244.8		226.3		18.5
Franchise Expenses:											_
Applebee's		1.7		1.2		(0.5)	3.3		2.7		(0.6)
IHOP		6.1		4.6		(1.5)	13.3		11.4		(1.9)
IHOP advertising		26.3		20.7		(5.6)	 53.0		41.9		(11.1)
Total franchise expenses		34.1		26.5		(7.6)	69.6		56.0		(13.6)
Franchise Segment Profit:											
Applebee's		48.2		48.8		(0.6)	99.0		98.1		0.9
IHOP		38.0		35.4		2.6	76.2		72.2		4.0
Total franchise segment profit	\$	86.2	\$	84.2	\$	2.0	\$ 175.2	\$	170.3	\$	4.9
Gross profit as % of revenue (2)		71.7%		76.0%			71.6%		75.3%		_

⁽¹⁾ Effective Franchise Restaurants are the weighted average number of franchise and area license restaurants open in a given fiscal period, adjusted to account for restaurants open for only a portion of the period.

Applebee's franchise revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased slightly from the same period of the prior year, as lower franchise extension and transfer fees were partially offset by a 1.0% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales. Applebee's franchise revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased 1.5% from the same period of the prior year, primarily due to a 2.0% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales and a 0.3% increase in the number of Effective Franchise Restaurants open during the period, partially offset by lower franchise extension and transfer fees.

Applebee's franchise expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 increased primarily due to adjustments to insurance reserves.

The 10.2% increase in IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to higher royalty revenues resulting from a 6.2% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales, a \$1.6 million increase in sales volumes of pancake and waffle dry mix and a 1.4% increase in Effective Franchise Restaurants. The 7.1% increase in IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to higher royalty revenues resulting from a 5.5% increase in domestic same-restaurant sales a \$1.8 million increase in sales volumes of pancake and waffle dry mix and a 1.7% increase in Effective Franchise Restaurants.

The increases in IHOP franchise expenses (other than advertising) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the same periods of the prior year were due to higher purchase volumes of pancake and waffle dry mix, as well as an increase in bad debt expense. The majority of the increase in bad debt expense was due to the favorable recovery of fully reserved receivables in 2014 that did not recur in 2015.

⁽²⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

IHOP's total franchise expenses are substantially higher than Applebee's, primarily due to advertising expenses. Advertising contributions designated for IHOP's national advertising fund and local marketing and advertising cooperatives are recognized as revenue and expense of franchise operations. However, because we have less contractual control over Applebee's advertising expenditures, that activity is considered to be an agency relationship and therefore is not recognized as franchise revenue and expense. The increases in IHOP advertising revenue and expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 were due to higher contributions to marketing funds by IHOP franchisees. Franchisee contributions to marketing funds were impacted by an agreement with a large majority of franchisees to increase the advertising contribution as a percentage of gross sales effective June 30, 2014, as well as by the increases in domestic franchise same-restaurant sales and the new franchise restaurants that favorably impacted IHOP franchise revenue (other than advertising) as discussed above.

RENTAL OPERATIONS	 Three Mo Jur	onths ne 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable)		Six Mon Jur	ths Ei ie 30,		Favorable - (Unfavorable)	
	2015		2014	Variance		2015		2014		Variance
				(In m	illions)					_
Rental revenues	\$ 31.1	\$	30.7	\$ 0.4	\$	62.5	\$	61.4	\$	1.1
Rental expenses	23.3		23.6	0.3		46.8		47.5		0.7
Rental operations segment profit	\$ 7.8	\$	7.1	\$ 0.7	\$	15.7	\$	13.9	\$	1.8
Gross profit as % of revenue (1)	25.1%		23.0%			25.1%		22.7%		

⁽¹⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

Rental operations relate primarily to IHOP franchise restaurants. Rental income includes revenue from operating leases and interest income from direct financing leases. Rental expenses are costs of prime operating leases and interest expense on prime capital leases on certain franchise restaurants.

Rental segment revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 increased compared to the same periods of the prior year primarily due to the favorable impact of the increase in IHOP same-restaurant sales on operating leases with sales-contingent rental provisions, partially offset by expected progressive declines of \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, in interest income as direct financing leases are repaid. Rental segment expenses decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period of the prior year due to the expected progressive decline in interest expense as capital lease obligations are repaid.

FINANCING OPERATIONS	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		Six Mon Jun	ths E e 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable)
	2015		2014		Variance		2015		2014	Variance
					(In m	illions)				_
Financing revenues	\$ 2.7	\$	3.4	\$	(0.7)	\$	5.3	\$	8.0	\$ (2.7)
Financing expenses	_		0.3		0.3		0.0		0.8	0.8
Financing operations segment profit	\$ 2.7	\$	3.1	\$	(0.4)	\$	5.3	\$	7.2	\$ (1.9)
Gross profit as % of revenue (1)	100.0%		92.9%				99.8%		89.7%	

⁽¹⁾ Percentages calculated on actual amounts, not rounded amounts presented above.

All financing operations relate to IHOP franchise restaurants. Financing revenues primarily consist of interest income from the financing of equipment leases and franchise fees, as well as sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants. Financing expenses are primarily the cost of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

The decrease in financing revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was due to a decrease in sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants and the expected progressive decline in interest revenue as note balances are repaid. The decrease in financing revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to fees of \$1.4 million associated with the negotiated early termination of two leases in the first quarter of 2014 that did not recur in 2015, a decrease in sales of equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants and the expected progressive decline in interest revenue as note balances are repaid. The decrease in financing expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was due to a decrease in the cost of sales of restaurant equipment associated with refranchised IHOP restaurants.

COMPANY RESTAURANT OPERATIONS

As of June 30, 2015, company restaurant operations comprised 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants in the Kansas City market, 10 IHOP company-operated restaurants in the Cincinnati market and three IHOP restaurants reacquired from franchisees we are operating on a temporary basis until they are refranchised. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, revenue from company restaurant operations increased \$1.7 million and segment profit was flat compared to the same period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, revenue and segment profit from company restaurant operations increased \$2.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, compared to the same period of the prior year. The higher revenue in each period was due to an increase in same-restaurant sales and an increase in the number of temporarily operated IHOP restaurants. The improvement in segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the increase in same-restaurant sales.

On July 23, 2015, we completed the previously announced refranchising and sale of related restaurant assets of the 23 Applebee's company-operated restaurants. We received proceeds of approximately \$9 million and expect to recognize a gain of approximately \$2 million on the transaction.

OTHER EXPENSE AND INCOME ITEMS

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable)			Six Months Ended June 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	<u></u>	2015		2014		Variance		2015		2014		Variance
						(In r	nillions)					
General and administrative expenses	\$	34.6	\$	34.8	\$	0.2	\$	68.8	\$	69.0	\$	0.2
Interest expense		15.7		24.9		9.2		31.3		49.9		18.6
Amortization of intangible assets		2.5		3.1		0.6		5.0		6.1		1.1
Closure and impairment charges		0.5		0.6		0.1		2.3		0.8		(1.5)
Loss (gain) on disposition of assets		0.1		(0.1)		(0.2)		0.1		0.8		0.7
Income tax provision		16.6		12.0		(4.6)		34.3		24.9		(9.4)

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased by \$9.2 million and \$18.6 million, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year. In the fourth quarter of 2014 we refinanced \$1.225 billion of long-term debt that bore interest at a weighted average rate of approximately 7.3% with \$1.3 billion of new long-term debt bearing interest at a fixed rate of 4.277%. Additionally, deferred financing costs associated with the new long-term debt were smaller than those associated with the old long-term debt, resulting in lower non-cash interest expense for the amortization of the deferred financing costs. These items were partially offset by a small increase in the principal amount of long-term debt outstanding.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased compared to the same respective periods of the prior year because certain intangible assets that arose from the November 2007 acquisition of Applebee's became fully amortized in November 2014.

Closure and Impairment Charges

Closure and impairment charges were \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, comprised of \$0.4 million in impairment charges and \$0.1 million of closure charges. The impairment charges related to individually insignificant assets at eight IHOP company-operated restaurants. Closure and impairment charges were \$2.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, comprised of \$1.6 million of closure charges and \$0.7 million of impairment charges. Approximately \$1.1 million of closure charges related to two IHOP franchise restaurants closed during 2015, with approximately \$0.4 million related to adjustments for IHOP and Applebee's restaurants closed in prior periods. There were no individually significant closure or impairment charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we performed assessments of whether events or changes in circumstances have occurred that potentially indicate the carrying value of tangible long-lived assets may not be recoverable. No significant impairments were noted in performing the assessments. We also considered whether there were any indicators of potential impairment to our goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets. No such indicators were noted.

Gain/Loss on Disposition of Assets

There were no individually significant asset dispositions during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Provision for Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate of 38.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was consistent with our effective rate of 38.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Our effective tax rate was 38.3% for both the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2015, our outstanding long-term debt consisted of \$1.3 billion of Series 2014-1 4.277% Fixed Rate Senior Notes, Class A-2 (the "Class A-2 Notes"). We also have a revolving financing facility consisting of Series 2014-1 Variable Funding Senior Notes, Class A-1 (the "Variable Funding Notes"), which allows for drawings of up to \$100 million of Variable Funding Notes and the issuance of letters of credit. The Class A-2 Notes and the Variable Funding Notes are referred to collectively as the "Notes." The Notes were issued in a private securitization transaction pursuant to which substantially all of our domestic revenue-generating assets and our domestic intellectual property are held by certain special-purpose, wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company (the "Guarantors") that act as guarantors of the Notes and that have pledged substantially all of their assets to secure the Notes.

While the Notes are outstanding, payment of principal and interest is required to be made on the Class A-2 Notes on a quarterly basis. The payment of principal on the Class A-2 Notes may be suspended when the leverage ratio for the Company and its subsidiaries is less than or equal to 5.25x. At June 30, 2015, our leverage ratio was 4.70x (see Exhibit 12.1).

The Variable Funding Notes were not drawn upon at June 30, 2015 and we have not drawn on them since issuance. At June 30, 2015, \$8.4 million was pledged against the Variable Funding Notes for outstanding letters of credit, leaving \$91.6 million of Variable Funding Notes available for borrowings. The letters of credit are used primarily to satisfy insurance-related collateral requirements.

The Notes are subject to customary rapid amortization events for similar types of financing, including events tied to our failure to maintain the stated debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR"), the sum of domestic retail sales for all restaurants being below certain levels on certain measurement dates, certain manager termination events, certain events of default and the failure to repay or refinance the Notes on the Class A-2 Anticipated Repayment Date in September 2021. The Notes are also subject to certain customary events of default, including events relating to non-payment of required interest, principal or other amounts due on or with respect to the Notes, failure to maintain the stated DSCR, failure to comply with covenants within certain time frames, certain bankruptcy events, breaches of specified representations and warranties and certain judgments.

Failure to maintain a prescribed DSCR can trigger a Cash Trapping Event, A Rapid Amortization Event, a Manager Termination Event or a Default Event as described below. In a Cash Trapping Event, the Trustee is required to retain a certain percentage of cash flow in a restricted account. In a Rapid Amortization Event, all excess Cash Flow is retained and used to retire principal amounts of debt. Key DSCRs are as follows:

- DSCR less than 1.75x but equal to or greater than 1.50x Cash Trapping Event, 50% of Net Cash Flow
- DSCR less than 1.50x Cash Trapping Event, 100% of Net Cash Flow
- DSCR less than 1.30x Rapid Amortization Event
- DSCR less than 1.20x Manager Termination Event
- DSCR less than 1.10x Default Event

Our DSCR for the reporting period ended June 30, 2015 was 5.05x (see Exhibit 12.1).

Dividends

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we paid dividends on common stock of \$33.3 million, representing dividends declared in the fourth quarter of 2014 and first quarter of 2015 of \$0.875 per share of common stock. On May 19, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a second quarter 2015 cash dividend of \$0.875 per share of common stock. This dividend was paid on July 10, 2015 to our stockholders of record at the close of business on June 12, 2015. We evaluate dividend payments on common stock within the context of our overall capital allocation strategy with our Board of Directors on an ongoing basis, giving consideration to our current and forecast earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors.

Share Repurchases

In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase authorization of up to \$100 million of DineEquity common stock. Under this program, we may repurchase shares on an opportunistic basis from time to time in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The repurchase program does not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and may be terminated at any time. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased 344,890 shares of common stock at a cost of \$35.0 million. As of June 30, 2015, we have repurchased a cumulative total of 365,225 shares of common stock under the current Board authorization at a total cost of \$37.0 million. We may repurchase up to an additional \$63.0 million of common stock under the current Board authorization. We evaluate repurchases of common stock within the context of our overall capital allocation strategy with our Board of Directors on an ongoing basis, giving consideration to our current and forecast earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors.

Cash Flows

In summary, our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

		SIX MOHU	is Eliueu		
		June 30,			
	2	2015	2014		Variance
			(In millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	48.1	\$ 56.0	\$	(7.9)
Net cash provided by investing activities		5.6	2.7		2.9
Net cash used in financing activities		(53.3)	(64.4)		11.1
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	0.4	\$ (5.7)	\$	6.1

Six Months Ended

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$7.9 million compared with the six months ended June 30, 2014. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased compared to the same period of 2014, primarily due to lower interest expense resulting from the refinancing of our long-term debt in the fourth quarter of 2014 and an increase in gross profit, primarily due to increases in IHOP and Applebee's domestic same-restaurant sales and IHOP restaurant development over the past twelve months. However, net changes in working capital used cash of \$13.3 million during the first six months of 2015 compared to providing cash of \$6.7 million during the first six months of 2014, an unfavorable variance of \$20.0 million.

The unfavorable variance in working capital changes is primarily due to the timing of interest payments on long-term debt, higher income tax payments and marketing accruals. Our Notes require quarterly interest payments, whereas interest payments on a significant portion of our old long-term debt were required semi-annually in April and October. We had approximately 25 days of interest accrued at June 30, 2015 as compared to two months of interest accrued at June 30, 2014. This timing negatively impacted the change in working capital, although total cash provided by operating activities was benefited by overall lower interest payments.

Additionally, we made higher estimated income tax payments in 2015 compared to 2014. Our estimated tax payments during the six months ended June 30, 2014 were lower relative to that period's current tax provision in anticipation that deductible expenses related to our refinancing of long-term debt would be incurred in the latter half of 2014. The higher tax payments in 2015 had an unfavorable impact on both the change in working capital and total cash from operations.

Investing Activities

Investing activities provided net cash of \$5.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Principal receipts from notes, equipment contracts and other long-term receivables of \$9.5 million were partially offset by \$4.6 million in capital expenditures. Capital expenditures are expected to be approximately \$9 million for fiscal 2015.

Financing Activities

Financing activities used net cash of \$53.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Cash used in financing activities primarily consisted of cash dividends on our common stock totaling \$33.3 million, repurchases of our common stock totaling \$35.0 million and repayments of capital lease and financing obligations of \$6.0 million. Cash provided by financing activities primarily consisted of a decrease in restricted cash of \$11.0 million and a net cash inflow of approximately \$10.0 million related to equity compensation awards.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$104.4 million, including \$59.9 million of cash held for gift card programs and advertising funds.

Based on our current level of operations, we believe that our cash flow from operations, available cash and available borrowing capacity under our Variable Funding Notes will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months.

Free Cash Flow

We define "free cash flow" for a given period as cash provided by operating activities, plus net receipts from notes and equipment contract receivables, less additions to property and equipment. We believe this information is helpful to investors to determine our cash available for general corporate purposes and for the return of cash to stockholders pursuant to our capital allocation strategy.

Free cash flow is considered to be a non-U.S. GAAP measure. Reconciliation of the cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow is as follows:

C:- M - - 4b - E - 4 - 4

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2015		2014		Variance
				(In millions)		_
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	48.1	\$	56.0	\$	(7.9)
Net receipts from notes and equipment contracts receivable		6.2		2.7		3.5
Additions to property and equipment		(4.6)		(4.1)		(0.5)
Free cash flow	\$	49.7	\$	54.6	\$	(4.9)

This non-U.S. GAAP measure is not defined in the same manner by all companies and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. Non-U.S. GAAP measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the U.S. GAAP information contained within our financial statements.

The decline in free cash flow for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period of the prior year is primarily due to the decrease in cash from operating activities discussed above.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2015, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There were no material changes to the contractual obligations table as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires we make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net revenues and expenses in the reporting period. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. We continually review the estimates and underlying assumptions to ensure they are appropriate for the circumstances. Accounting assumptions and estimates are inherently uncertain and actual results may differ materially from our estimates.

A summary of our critical accounting estimates is included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, there were no significant changes in our estimates and critical accounting policies.

See Note 3, "Accounting Policies," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently adopted accounting standards and newly issued accounting standards.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There were no material changes from the information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of December 31, 2014.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are subject to various lawsuits, administrative proceedings, audits and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Some of these lawsuits purport to be class actions and/or seek substantial damages. We are required to record an accrual for litigation loss contingencies that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Legal fees and expenses associated with the defense of all of our litigation are expensed as such fees and expenses are incurred. Management regularly assesses our insurance deductibles, analyzes litigation information with our attorneys and evaluates our loss experience in connection with pending legal proceedings. While we do not presently believe that any of the legal proceedings to which we are currently a party will ultimately have a material adverse impact on us, there can be no assurance that we will prevail in all the proceedings we are party to, or that we will not incur material losses from them

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There are no material changes from the risk factors set forth under Item 1A of Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Company

Period	Total number of Average pric shares paid per purchased share		Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (b)	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (b)		
March 30, 2015 - April 26, 2015	_	_	_	\$83,000,000		
April 27, 2015 – May 24, 2015 ^(a)	154,470	\$97.17	154,398	\$68,000,000		
May 25, 2015 – June 28, 2015 ^(a)	50,826	\$99.23	50,396	\$63,000,000		
Total	205,296	\$97.68	204,794	\$63,000,000		

⁽a) These amounts include 72 shares owned and tendered by employees at an average price of \$95.81 to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising upon vesting of restricted awards during the fiscal month ended May 24, 2015 and 430 shares tendered at an average price of \$99.08 during the fiscal month ended June 28, 2015.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

⁽b) In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase authorization of up to \$100 million of our common stock. Repurchases are subject to prevailing market prices and may take place in open market transactions and in privately negotiated transactions, based on business, market, applicable legal requirements and other considerations. The program does not require the repurchase of a specific number of shares and may be terminated at any time.

Item 6. Exhibits.

3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of DineEquity, Inc. (Exhibit 99.3 to Registrant's Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Amended Bylaws of DineEquity, Inc. (Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Form 8-K filed on June 2, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference).
*†10.1	DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Award Agreement (1/4th Annual Vesting - Employees)
*12.1	Computation of Debt Service Coverage Ratio for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended June 30, 2015 and Leverage Ratio as of June 30, 2015.
*31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
*31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
*32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
*32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.***
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document.***
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document.***
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document.***
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document.***
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document.***

* Filed herewith.

- ** The certifications attached as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 accompany this Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- *** Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the interactive data files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.
- † A contract, compensatory plan or arrangement in which directors or executive officers are eligible to participate.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DineEquity, Inc.

(Registrant) Dated: July 29, 2015 /s/ Julia A. Stewart Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) Dated: July 29, 2015 /s/ Thomas W. Emrey Thomas W. Emrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) /s/ Greggory Kalvin Dated: July 29, 2015 Greggory Kalvin Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

DINEEQUITY, INC. 2011 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THIS RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is entered into as of _	(the "Date
of Grant"), by and between DINEEQUITY , INC. , a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and	(the "Participant").

RECITALS:

Pursuant to the DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Committee"), as the administrator of the Plan, has determined that the Participant is to be granted a Restricted Stock Award (the "Award") pursuant to which the Participant shall receive shares of the Company's common stock, on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Any capitalized terms not defined herein shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Plan.

AGREEMENT:

In consideration of the foregoing and of the mutual covenants set forth herein and other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>GRANT OF STOCK</u>. The Company hereby grants to Participant a Restricted Stock Award of <u>shares</u> shares (the "Restricted Shares") of common stock, \$.01 par value, of the Company (the "Common Stock"), subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.
- 2. <u>RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS</u>. Subject to the Participant's continuous employment with the Company, the Restriction Period applicable to the Restricted Shares shall lapse, and the Restricted Shares shall become vested as to one-fourth (1/4) of the Restricted Shares subject to the Award on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Date of Grant. Except as provided in Section 3, the Restricted Shares will be forfeited as to the unvested portion of the Award if the Participant does not remain continuously in the employment of the Company through the specified lapsing dates set forth above. So long as the shares of Common Stock are subject to restrictions imposed under the Plan and the Agreement:
- (a) the shares shall be held by a custodian in book entry form with restrictions on such shares duly noted or, alternatively, a certificate or certificates representing the Award shall be registered in the Participant's name;
- (b) all such certificates shall be deposited with the Company, together with stock powers or other instruments of assignment (including a power of attorney), each endorsed in blank with a guarantee of signature if deemed necessary or appropriate, which would permit transfer to the Company of all or a portion of the shares of Common Stock subject to the Award in the event the Award is forfeited in whole or in part;
- (c) the record address of the holder of record of such shares shall be care of the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal executive office;
 - (d) such shares shall bear a restrictive legend, as follows:
 - "The transferability of this certificate and the shares of stock represented hereby are subject to the terms and conditions (including forfeiture) of the DineEquity, Inc. 2011 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, and a Restricted Stock Award Agreement entered into between the registered owner and DineEquity, Inc. Copies of such Plan and Agreement are on file in the offices of DineEquity, Inc.";
 - (e) such shares shall bear any additional legend which may be required pursuant to Section 5.6 of the Plan; and
- (f) the Participant shall not be permitted to sell, transfer, pledge or assign the shares, except as described in Section 4 below.

As of each lapsing date set forth above or in Section 3, subject to the Company's right to require payment of any taxes as described in Section 8 below, the restrictions shall be removed from the requisite number of any shares of Common Stock that are held in book entry form, and all certificates evidencing ownership of the requisite number of shares of Common Stock shall be delivered to

3. RIGHTS UPON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

- (a) <u>Service Vesting</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 3, the Restricted Shares will be forfeited as to the unvested portion of the Award if the Participant does not remain continuously in the employment of the Company through the specified lapsing dates set forth in Section 2 above.
- (b) <u>Disability or Death</u>. If the Participant's employment with the Company terminates due to Disability or death, the Restriction Period shall lapse in its entirety and the Restricted Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable.
- (c) <u>Change in Control</u>. If the Participant's employment with the Company is terminated within a period of twenty-four (24) months following a Change in Control (i) by the Company other than for Cause or (ii) by the Participant for Good Reason (as such terms are defined herein below or in the Plan), the Restriction Period shall lapse in its entirety and the Restricted Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable.
- 4. NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF AWARD. The Award and this Agreement shall not be transferable other than by will, the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to beneficiary designation procedures approved by the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Award and this Agreement may be transferable to the Participant's family members, to a trust or entity established by the Participant for estate planning purposes, to a charitable organization designated by the Participant or pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order. Except as permitted by this Section 4, the Award may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to so sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of the Award, the Award and all rights thereunder shall immediately become null and void.
- 5. <u>DISPUTE RESOLUTION</u>. The parties hereto will use their reasonable best efforts to resolve any dispute hereunder through good faith negotiations. A party hereto must submit a written notice to any other party to whom such dispute pertains, and any such dispute that cannot be resolved within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of such notice (or such other period to which the parties may agree) will be submitted to an arbitrator selected by mutual agreement of the parties. In the event that, within fifty (50) days of the written notice referred to in the preceding sentence, a single arbitrator has not been selected by mutual agreement of the parties, a panel of arbitrators (with each party to the dispute being entitled to select one arbitrator and, if necessary to prevent the possibility of deadlock, one additional arbitrator being selected by such arbitrators selected by the parties to the dispute) shall be selected by the parties. Except as otherwise provided herein or as the parties to the dispute may otherwise agree, such arbitration will be conducted in accordance with the then existing rules of the American Arbitration Association. The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or of a majority thereof, as the case may be, made in writing will be final and binding upon the parties hereto as to the questions submitted, and the parties will abide by and comply with such decision; provided, however, the arbitrator or arbitrators, as the case may be, shall not be empowered to award punitive damages. Unless the decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators, as the case may be, provides for a different allocation of costs and expenses determined by the arbitrators to be equitable under the circumstances, the prevailing party or parties in any arbitration will be entitled to recover all reasonable fees (including but not limited to attorneys' fees) and expenses incurred by it or them in connection with such arbitration from the non-prevailing party or parties.
- 6. <u>NOTICES</u>. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered either personally, by overnight courier, or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed as appropriate, to the Participant either at his/her address set forth below or such other address as he or she may designate in writing to the Company, or to the Company: Attention: General Counsel (or said designee), at the Company's address or such other address as the Company may designate in writing to the Participant.
- 7. <u>FAILURE TO ENFORCE NOT A WAIVER</u>. The failure of the Company to enforce at any time any provision of this Agreement shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provision or of any other provision hereof.
- 8. <u>WITHHOLDING</u>. The Company shall have the right to require, prior to the issuance or delivery of any shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Award, payment by the Participant of any federal, state, local or other taxes which may be required to be withheld or paid in connection with the Award. The Company shall withhold whole shares of Common Stock which would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, having an aggregate Fair Market Value determined as of the date the obligation to withhold or pay taxes arises in connection with an award (the "Tax Date"), or withhold an amount of cash which would otherwise be payable to the Participant, in the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation, or the Participant may satisfy any such obligation by any of the following means: (i) a cash payment to the Company, (ii) delivery (either actual delivery or by attestation procedures established by the Company) to the Company of previously owned whole shares of Common Stock having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the Tax Date, equal to the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation, (iii) authorizing the Company to withhold whole shares of Common Stock which would otherwise be delivered having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the Tax Date,

or withhold an amount of cash which would otherwise be payable to the Participant, in either case equal to the amount necessary to satisfy any such obligation or (iv) any combination of (i), (ii) and (iii). Shares of Common Stock to be delivered or withheld may not have an aggregate Fair Market Value in excess of the amount determined by applying the minimum statutory withholding rate. Any fraction of a share of Common Stock which would be required to satisfy such an obligation shall be disregarded and the remaining amount due shall be paid in cash by the Participant.

- 9. <u>INCORPORATION OF PLAN</u>. The Plan is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part hereof, and the Award and this Agreement are subject to all terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 10. <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>. Neither the Plan, the granting of the Award, this Agreement nor any other action taken pursuant to the Plan shall confer upon any person any right to continued employment by or service with the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time without liability hereunder. For purposes of this Agreement, references to employment with the Company shall include employment or service with any Subsidiary of the Company.
- 11. <u>AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION</u>. The Board may amend the Plan as it shall deem advisable, subject to any requirement of stockholder approval required by applicable law, rule or regulation, including Section 162(m) of the Code and any rule of the New York Stock Exchange, or any other stock exchange on which shares of Common Stock are traded; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no amendment may impair the rights of the Participant without the consent of the Participant.
- 12. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. To the extent not otherwise governed by the Code or the laws of the United States, this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws.
- 13. <u>COUNTERPARTS</u>. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
 - 14. DEFINED TERMS. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
- (a) "Cause" shall mean as determined by the Company, (i) the willful failure by the Participant to substantially perform his or her duties with the Company (other than any such failure resulting from the Participant's incapacity due to physical or mental illness); (ii) the Participant's willful misconduct that is demonstrably and materially injurious to the Company, monetarily or otherwise; (iii) the Participant's commission of such acts of dishonesty, fraud, misrepresentation or other acts of moral turpitude as would prevent the effective performance of the Participant's duties; or (iv) the Participant's conviction or plea of no contest to a felony or a crime of moral turpitude.
- (b) "Disability" shall mean that the Participant, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, is receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under a long-term disability plan maintained by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries.
- (c) The Participant shall have "Good Reason" to effect a voluntary termination of his or her employment in the event that the Company (i) breaches its obligations to pay any salary, benefit or bonus due to him or her, including its obligations under this Agreement, (ii) requires the Participant to relocate more than 50 miles from the Participant's current, principal place of employment, (iii) assigns to the Participant any duties inconsistent with the Participant's position with the Company or significantly and adversely alters the nature or status of the Participant's responsibilities or the conditions of the Participant's employment, or (iv) reduces the Participant's base salary and/or bonus opportunity, except for across-the-board reductions similarly affecting all similarly situated employees of the Company and all similarly situated employees of any corporation or other entity which is in control of the Company; and in the event of any of (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv), the Participant has given written notice to the Committee or the Board of Directors as to the details of the basis for such Good Reason within thirty (30) days following the date on which the Participant alleges the event giving rise to such Good Reason occurred, the Company has failed to provide a reasonable cure within thirty (30) days after its receipt of such notice and the effective date of the termination for Good Reason occurs within 90 days after the initial existence of the facts or circumstances constituting Good Reason.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Restricted Stock Award Agreement on the day and year first above written.

COMPANY:

By: Chairman and	Julia A. Stewart d CEO
PARTICIPAN	T:
[Name]	
Address	
City/State/Zip	

DINEEQUITY, INC.

Computation of Debt Service Coverage Ratio for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended June 30, 2015 and Leverage Ratio as of June 30, 2015.

(In thousands, except ratios)

Indebtedness, net (1)	\$ 1,319,601
Covenant Adjusted EBITDA(1)	 280,772
Leverage Ratio	4.70
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) Calculation:	
Net Cash Flow (1)	\$ 286,669
Debt Service (1)	56,752
DSCR	5.05

⁽¹⁾ Definitions of all components used in calculating the above ratios are found in the Base Indenture and the related Series 2014-1 Supplement to the Base Indenture, dated September 30, 2014, filed as Exhibits 4.1 and 4.2, respectively, to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 3, 2014.

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended

I, Julia A. Stewart, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: July 29, 2015 /s/ Julia A. Stewart

Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended

I, Thomas W. Emrey, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: July 29, 2015

/s/ Thomas W. Emrey

Thomas W. Emrey Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 29, 2015 (the "Report"), Julia A. Stewart, as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of her knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: July 29, 2015 /s/ Julia A. Stewart

Julia A. Stewart Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act except to the extent the Company expressly and specifically incorporates it by reference in such filing.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of DineEquity, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 29, 2015 (the "Report"), Thomas W. Emrey, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: July 29, 2015 /s/ Thomas W. Emrey

Thomas W. Emrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act except to the extent the Company expressly and specifically incorporates it by reference in such filing.